



EAST AFRICA METALS INC.
MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
FOR THE SIX MONTH PERIOD ENDED
June 30, 2020

This interim MD&A - Quarterly Highlights (“Interim MD&A”) provides a review of the business activities of East Africa Metals Inc. (collectively, with its subsidiaries, “East Africa” or the “Company”) for the six month period ended June 30, 2020 (“Q2 2020”), compared to the six month period ended June 30, 2019 (“Q2 2019”). This Interim MD&A has been prepared in compliance with section 2.2.1 of Form 51-102F1, in accordance with National Instrument 51-102 – Continuous Disclosure Obligations. This Interim MD&A has been prepared on the basis of available information up to October 13, 2020, and should be read in conjunction with the Company’s unaudited condensed interim financial statements (“Interim Financial Statements”) for the six month period ended June 30, 2020, the audited consolidated financial statements (“Annual Financial Statements”) for the year ended December 31, 2019, the corresponding notes to the Annual Financial Statements which have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (“IFRS”) and Management’s Discussion and Analysis for the year ended December 31, 2019 (“Annual MD&A”). These documents are available on SEDAR at www.sedar.com. All dollar amounts are expressed in Canadian dollars except where indicated otherwise.

Cautionary Statement Regarding Forward-Looking Information

This Interim MD&A may contain certain forward-looking statements concerning anticipated developments in the Company’s operations in future periods, “forward-looking information,” within the meaning of applicable Canadian securities legislation. The forward-looking statements are set forth in this Interim MD&A and may include statements regarding exploration results and budgets, mineral resource estimates, work programs, capital expenditures, timelines, strategic plans, market price of commodities or other statements that are not a statement of fact. Generally, forward-looking information can be identified by the use of forward-looking terminology such as “anticipate”, “believe”, “plan”, “expect”, “intend”, “estimate”, “forecast”, “project”, “budget”, “schedule”, “may”, “will”, “could”, “might”, “should” or variations of such words or similar words or expressions. Forward-looking information is based on reasonable assumptions that have been made by the Company as at the date of such information and is subject to known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause the actual results, level of activity, performance or achievements of the Company to be materially different from those expressed or implied by such forward-looking information, including but not limited to: the outcome of the arbitration case with the Developer; if the arbitration case is successful that the Company can occupy the site and advance the project; if the arbitration is successful the Tanzanian Definitive Agreement payments are not refundable; recoverability of the Ethiopian and Tanzanian VAT receivable; early exploration; the ability of the Company to identify any other corporate opportunities; the possibility that the Company may not be able to generate sufficient cash to service its planned operations and may be forced to take other options; contest over title; the risk the Company may not be able to continue as a going concern; the possibility the Company will require additional financing to develop the Harvest Property into a mining operation; the risks associated with obtaining necessary licenses or permits including and not limited to Ethiopian Government approval of future EAM Mineral Resources targets for the Company’s Ethiopian Properties and Projects; risks associated with mineral exploration and development; metal and mineral prices; availability of capital; accuracy of the Company’s projections and estimates, including the initial and any updates to the mineral resource for the Adyabo, Harvest and Handeni Properties; realization of mineral resource estimates; interest and exchange rates; competition; stock price fluctuations; availability of drilling equipment and access; actual results of exploration activities; government regulation; political or economic developments; foreign taxation risks; environmental risks; insurance risks; capital expenditures; operating or technical difficulties in connection with development activities; personnel relations; the speculative nature of strategic metal exploration and development including the risks of contests over title to properties; and changes in project parameters as plans continue to be refined, as well as those risk factors set out in the Company’s listing application dated July 8, 2013, and within this Interim MD&A. The estimate of mineral resources may be materially affected by environmental, permitting, legal, title, taxation, sociopolitical, marketing, or other relevant issues. The quantity and grade of reported inferred mineral resources as the estimation is uncertain in nature and there has been insufficient exploration to define any inferred mineral resources as an indicated or measured mineral resource and it is uncertain if further exploration will result in upgrading inferred mineral resources to an indicated or measured mineral resource category. Forward-looking statements are based on assumptions management believes to be reasonable, including but not limited to the price of precious and base metals; the demand for precious and base metals; the ability to carry on exploration and development activities; the timely receipt of any required approvals; the ability to obtain qualified personnel, equipment and services in a timely and cost-efficient manner; the ability to operate in a safe, efficient and effective manner; and the regulatory framework including and not limited to license approvals, social and environmental matters, and such other assumptions and factors as set out herein. Although the Company has attempted to identify important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those contained in forward-looking information, there may be other factors that cause results not to be as anticipated, estimated or intended. There can be no assurance that such information will prove to be accurate, as actual results and future events could differ materially from those anticipated in such information. The Company does not update or revise forward looking information even if new information becomes available unless legislation requires the Company to do so. Accordingly, readers should not place undue reliance on forward-looking information contained herein, except in accordance with applicable securities laws.

INTRODUCTION

East Africa was incorporated on December 7, 2012, under the Canada Business Corporations Act. The address of the Company's corporate office and principal place of business is Suite 1700, 777 Dunsmuir Street, Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada. On July 11, 2013, the Company commenced trading on the TSX Venture Exchange as a Tier 2 mining issuer under the trading symbol "EAM".

DESCRIPTION OF THE BUSINESS

East Africa is a mineral exploration company focused on the identification, acquisition, exploration, development and/or sale of base and precious metal resource properties in the Federal Democratic Republic of Ethiopia ("Ethiopia") and the United Republic of Tanzania ("Tanzania"). The Company's major mineral property interests consist of one project in Ethiopia, the Harvest Property consisting of the Terakimti Gold Heap Leach Project ("Terakimti HL Project"), and one project in Tanzania, the Handeni and Other Properties. Additionally, the Company has a 30% equity interest in Tigray Resources Incorporate PLC, which has two projects in Ethiopia on the Adyabo Property - Mato Bula Gold Copper Project ("Mato Bula Project") and the Da Tambuk Gold Project ("Da Tambuk Project").

KEY OPERATING MILESTONES

EXPLORATION UPDATES

- On February 24, 2020, the Company announced the execution of a Letter of Intent ("LOI") with Sino Union Energy Investments ("Sino Union") to acquire a majority equity position in EAM's Ethiopian wholly owned subsidiary, Tigray Ethiopia Holdings Inc. ("THEI"). THEI holds a 70% interest in the Harvest Joint Venture Project with Ezana, located in the Tigray National Regional State of the Federal Democratic Republic of Ethiopia ("Ethiopia"). In exchange Sino Union would be required to make a cash payment of US\$500,000 and EAM will retain a 15% Net Profit Interest. Sino Union will finance 70% of the capital costs and operate the mine development program and mining operations of the Terakimti HL Project, The LOI contemplated EAM transferring its 70% equity interest in THEI to Sino Union and the parties entering into a joint venture contract. Under the terms of the LOI, Definitive Agreements were to be signed within 60 days from the date of the LOI and a cash payment of US\$500,000 made to East Africa. These conditions were not met and no extension agreement was entered into.

For the above exploration updates, mineral resource estimates, related maps and further information on the Harvest Property and the Adyabo Property can be viewed in East Africa's respective news releases and on East Africa's website at www.eastafricametals.com.

CORPORATE UPDATES

- On February 24, 2020, the Company announced that Sino Union has agreed to subscribe to a private placement to acquire equity in the Company through a non-brokered private placement financing of 23,076,923 units at a price of \$0.13 per unit for gross proceeds of \$3,000,000. Each unit will consist of one common share and one common share purchase warrant of the Company. Each warrant will entitle the holder to purchase one common share at an exercise price of \$0.35 per share for a period of 24 months following the closing of the private placement. All of the securities issued in connection with this private placement are subject to resale restrictions which expire four months and one day from closing. The financing remains subject to certain conditions, including, but, not limited to, receipt of TSX Venture Exchange approval. This placement did not complete and expired.
- On April 28, 2020, the Company announced due to circumstances created by COVID-19 pandemic, the filing of its annual financial statements and related management's discussion and analysis together with the related CEO and CFO certificates for the year ended December 31, 2019 and its interim financial statements and related management's discussion and analysis together with the related CEO and CFO certificates for the three month period would not be filed by the scheduled dates of April 29, 2020 and May 30, 2020 respectively. An additional news release was issued on May 28, 2020 providing an update on the status of filing financial reports.
- On May 28, 2020, the Company entered into an agreement with SinoTech (Hong Kong) Corporation Limited ("SinoTech") to provide a loan of \$250,000. The loan is unsecured and bears interest at the rate of 12% per annum. The loan is repayable upon the earlier of (a) 15 business days after the Company's closing of any financing or transaction in connection with the development of the Company's Harvest project; or (b) 6 months

from the Company's receipt of the loan proceeds. Any extension of the loan is subject to SinoTech's agreement. The loan is a related party transaction, as SinoTech is a significant shareholder.

For the above corporate updates highlights refer to East Africa's respective news releases or the Company website www.eastafricametals.com for further updates.

OUTLOOK

As of the date of this MD&A, the Company's focus is on advancing the Ethiopian Properties. East Africa has released mineral resource estimates and received mining licenses on each of its advanced staged exploration projects in Ethiopia and Tanzania.

CORPORATE TRANSACTIONS

Development of the Adyabo Property in Ethiopia

In February 2019, the Company entered into a Letter of Intent with Tibet Huayu for the Harvest and Adyabo Properties. The Letter of Intent contemplates Tibet Huayu would develop and operate the Harvest and Adyabo Properties. In July 2019, the parties signed a Share Purchase Agreement and Joint Venture Contract for the development and operation of Adyabo Property's Mato Bula and Da Tambuk Projects. In August 2019, with the Share Purchase Agreement closed, Tibet Huayu has the right to initiate the design, construction and related works at the Mato Bula and Da Tambuk projects. On November 27, 2019, formal registration of the transfer of 70% of the Company's equity interest in its Ethiopian subsidiary to Tibet Huayu was completed.

Exploration of the Adyabo Property in Ethiopia

The Company submitted an application for extension of exploration rights on the remaining prospective targets not included within the boundaries of the Mato Bula and DaTambuk (East Africa Mineral Resources) Mining Licenses, which has been approved pending a resubmission of detailed quotes for IP and LIDAR surveys. On receipt of the the Ministry of Mines and Petroleum ("MoMP") approval of the proposed work program and identification of funding, the Company intends to continue assessment of identified exploration targets through diamond drilling and geophysical surveys, including high priority targets along the highly prospective Mato Bula Trend.

Development of the Harvest Property in Ethiopia

In February 2020, the Company entered into a binding letter of intent ("LOI") with Sino Union Energy Investments ("Sino Union") for the Harvest Property. The LOI contemplates Sino Union would develop and operate the Harvest Property. The LOI with Sino Union has been terminated. Under the terms of the LOI, Definitive Agreements were to be signed within 60 days from the date of the LOI and this condition was not met and no extension agreement was entered into.

Exploration of the Harvest Property in Ethiopia

The Company submitted an application for the exploration rights on the remaining prospective targets not included in the Terakimti HL Project (East Africa Mineral Resources), which has been approved pending a resubmission of detailed quotes for EM and IP surveys from an Ethiopian geophysical contractor and a LIDAR budget. On receipt of the MoMP's approval of the proposed work program and identification of funding, the Company intends to continue assessment of the Lihamat, Mayshehagne, and VTEM09 potential satellite prospects through metallurgical and resource analyses, as potential additional project resource assets.

Properties in Tanzania –Legal Action

All approved development and exploration work on the Company's Tanzania assets had been suspended during 2019 due to resolution of pending legal action.

CURRENT COMPANY OBJECTIVES

Current objectives:

1. Continue to engage in discussions with interested parties on project financing and developing the Harvest Project;

2. Commence a work program on the EAM Mineral Resources targets, subject to further financing, with the goal to increase the mineral resources on the Harvest and Adyabo Properties including upgrading the mineral resource at the Adyabo Property;
3. Assess new potential exploration opportunities in Ethiopia or other jurisdictions;
4. Resolve the legal actions brought against the Company by TzGF and once successful, identify a new development partner for the Tanzanian Assets; and,
5. Continue to examine opportunities to raise funding including debt finance, equity financing, through strategic alliances, and optioning its mineral properties for equity, cash and/or expenditure commitments.

PROJECT DESCRIPTIONS

The Company's mineral resources¹:

EAM Project Resources (Au + Aueqv Metal ounces)		
Project	Category	Au + Aueqv ounces
Adyabo Project	Indicated	446,000
	Inferred	551,000
Harvest Project	Indicated	469,000
	Inferred	426,000
Handeni Project	Indicated	721,000
	Inferred	292,000
<i>*See East Africa Metals Project Resource Table attached for additional detail</i>		

Ethiopia

Ethiopia is located in northeast Africa, in the region termed the Horn of Africa. The country is landlocked and is comprised topographically of predominantly high plateaus. New mining regulations ("Proclamation(s)") were issued in 1993 with the purpose of promoting the exploration and development of Ethiopia's natural resources. The Proclamations allow for business incentives that include security of tenure, the right to sell minerals, preferential duty and tax provisions on equipment and machinery, a 5-8% production royalty (revised in Proclamation 678/2010), and a 25% income tax rate.

The Company currently has interests in two areas in Ethiopia, the Harvest Property and the Adyabo Property. The current Mineral Resources at the Ethiopian Properties straddle an infrastructure corridor, with the projects being located within 11 and 7 kilometres respectively of a paved highway and a high-tension power corridor.

Where applicable, information within this MD&A which pertains to the Harvest and Adyabo Properties may reference work performed by Tigray Resources Inc. ("Tigray") before the completion of the Tigray Arrangement on May 7, 2014. References to Tigray news releases before May 7, 2014, can be found on East Africa's website at www.eastafricametals.com and information on the Tigray Arrangement can be found in Tigray's management information circular dated March 28, 2014, which can be found on SEDAR at www.sedar.com.

HARVEST PROPERTY – ETHIOPIA

The Company has a 70% interest in Harvest with the remaining 30% held by Ezana, an Ethiopian company. The non-controlling interest is carried at 30% until the completion of the feasibility study. The Company is responsible for all costs until completion of a feasibility study. Subsequent to the feasibility study any approved contributions by the Company for which Ezana elects not to contribute or elects to contribute less than its equity interest, could increase the Company's interest.

The Harvest Property is located 600 kilometres north of Ethiopia's capital city of Addis Ababa. The Harvest Property is located in the highly prospective Asmara Mineral Belt in the southern part of the Arabian Nubian Shield (ANS), host to

¹ Mineral resource data based on 100% ownership of the Projects

the Bisha, Debarwa and Emba Derho volcanogenic massive sulphide deposits. Vein-related gold deposits are also typical of the ANS, including the >13 million ounce Sukari deposit in Egypt, the one million ounce gold discovery at Koka-Zara in central Eritrea and the approximate 140,000 ounce per year gold producer at Lega Dembi in southern Ethiopia.

On December 7, 2017, the Company had received government approval of East Africa's mining license application for the Terakimti HL project. The mining license agreement has been formally approved by the MoMP, the Prime Minister and the Council of Ministers.

Preliminary Economic Assessments

On April 30, 2018, the Company announced receipt from Tetra Tech Canada Inc. ("Tetra Tech") of positive results from Preliminary Economic Assessments ("PEAs") for its three gold projects in Ethiopia. Separate PEAs studies have been received for the Company's Mato Bula, Da Tambuk and the Terakimti HL projects. Each of the projects demonstrates robust economics utilizing industry standard mining and processing technology. The key estimated technical and base case pre-tax and post-tax metrics for each project are presented below:

PARAMETER ⁽³⁾		PROJECT			
		Units	Mato Bula	Da Tambuk	Terakimti HL ⁽¹⁾
Mine Plan		Tonnes	3,335,000	650,000	1,086,000
Grade	Gold	g/t	3.0	4.9	3.1
	Copper	%	0.26%	N/A	N/A
	Silver	g/t	0.70	2.3	22.9
Metal Recoveries	Gold	%	86.4%	93.0%	65.0%
	Copper	%	87.4%	N/A	N/A
	Silver	%	50.0%	50.0%	30.0%
Recovered Metals	Gold	Ozs	278,000	95,000	71,000
	Copper	Lbs (x000)	13,353	N/A	N/A
	Silver	Ozs	38,300	24,000	229,000
	Au Equiv	Ozs	305,000	95,000	74,000
Capital Cost		US\$(x000)	\$54,200	\$34,030	\$17,180
Sustaining Capital		US\$(x000)	\$5,600	\$8,030	\$1,720
Operating Cost	Site - C1	US\$/tonne	\$47.53	\$61.85	\$34.10
Metal Prices					
Gold Price	US\$/oz		\$1,325	\$1,325	\$1,325
Copper Price	US\$/lb		\$3.00	N/A	N/A
Silver Price	US\$/oz		\$17.00	\$17.00	\$17.00
PRE-TAX					
Cash Flow		US\$(x000)	\$139,710	\$31,160	\$29,360
NPV @8%		US\$(x000)	\$83,820	\$20,670	\$19,470
IRR		%	34.1%	37.8%	37.4%
POST-TAX					
Cash Flow	LOM	US\$ (x000)	\$97,700	\$20,615	\$20,890
NPV @8%		US\$ (x000)	\$56,660	\$13,020	\$13,180
IRR		%	28.4%	28.6%	30.1%
OTHER METRICS					
Payback		Years	3.0	1.9	2.4
C1 Op Cost		US\$/oz Au	\$412	\$420	\$465
AISC		US\$/oz Au	\$620	\$642	\$649

Notes:

- (1) Metrics are presented for 100% attributable to Terakimti HL operation. Metrics attributable to East Africa would be 70% of values presented above as per Joint Venture agreement terms.
 (2) Cash Flows presented are not discounted.
 (3) Values may not reconcile to others disclosures within the PEA disclosure due to rounding.

Metal Price Sensitivities - Post Tax

PARAMETER ⁽²⁾	Units	Base Case	Lowest Case	5 Year Ave	Long Term
Metals Prices					
Gold Price	US\$/oz	\$1,325	\$1,200	\$1,250	\$1,379
Copper Price	US\$/lb	\$3.00	\$2.50	\$2.75	\$3.25
Silver Price	US\$/oz	\$17.00	\$17.00	\$17.00	\$17.00
MATO BULA – Gold, Copper and Silver					
Cash Flow ⁽¹⁾	US\$(x000)	\$97,700	\$75,050	\$84,325	\$107,340
NPV @ 8%	US\$(x000)	\$56,660	\$39,460	\$46,490	\$63,980
IRR	%	28.4%	22.5%	25.0%	30.8%
Payback	Years	3.0	3.7	3.4	1.8
DA TAMBUK – Gold and Silver					
Cash Flow ⁽¹⁾	US\$(x000)	\$20,615	\$12,600	\$15,805	\$24,080
NPV @ 8%	US\$(x000)	\$13,020	\$6,060	\$8,840	\$16,025
IRR	%	28.6%	17.7%	22.1%	33.2%
Pay back	Years	1.9	3.2	3.1	1.7
TERAKIMTI HL – Gold and Silver					
Cash Flow ⁽¹⁾	US\$(x000)	\$20,890	\$15,130	\$17,430	\$23,380
NPV @ 8%	US\$(x000)	\$13,180	\$8,340	\$10,280	\$15,275
IRR	%	30.1%	21.9%	25.2%	33.7%
Payback	Years	2.4	2.8	2.6	2.3

- (1) Cash Flows presented are not discounted.
 (2) Values may not reconcile to others disclosures within the PEA disclosure due to rounding.

Each of the PEA studies has been completed by Tetra Tech's mining and process engineering team in Vancouver, B.C. The PEAs are based on the mineral resource estimates for Mato Bula, Da Tambuk and Terakimti as previously disclosed by East Africa. The mineral resource estimates were completed by David Thomas P.Geo., Q.P. of Fladgate Exploration Consulting Corporation as follows:

- Adyabo Property Mineral Resource Estimate, David Thomas, P. Geo. (Effective Date: May 31, 2016), East Africa news release June 14, 2016.
- Updated Terakimti Oxide Mineral Resource Estimate at a 0.5 g/t Gold Equivalent Cut-Off, David Thomas, P. Geo. (Effective Date: October 18, 2015), East Africa news release October 27, 2015

- Terakimti Mineral Resource Estimate David Thomas, P. Geo., Effective Date: January 17, 2014, East Africa news release January 27, 2014.

Metallurgical test work for the Mato Bula Gold Copper and Da Tambuk Gold projects has been completed by Blue Coast Research, an independent metallurgical laboratory in Parksville B.C. Canada. Metallurgical test work for the Terakimti was completed by SGS Minerals Services (“SGS”) in Johannesburg, South Africa. Additional metallurgical test work for Terakimti was performed by McClelland Laboratories Inc. (“McClelland”) in Reno, Nevada. Blue Coast Research, SGS, and McClelland are internationally recognized for their metallurgical testing expertise.

Technical Report and Cautionary Statement NI 43-101:

Each of the PEAs was prepared in accordance with National Instrument 43-101 Standards of Disclosure for Mineral Projects. Each of the PEA Reports has been filed by the Company on SEDAR.

Readers are cautioned that a PEA is preliminary in nature. These PEAs include Indicated and Inferred mineral resources. Inferred mineral resources are considered too speculative geologically to have the economic considerations applied to them that would enable them to be categorized as mineral reserves, and there is no certainty that the PEA results will be realized. Mineral resources that are not mineral reserves do not have demonstrated economic viability.

Harvest Property Path Forward

In December 2017, the Company received a mining license for the Terakimti HL project. The Company has submitted an application for the exploration rights on the remaining prospective targets, EAM Mineral Resources, not included in the Terakimti HL project. The mining license has a term of 6 years with the ability for renewal of up to 10 years on the approval of the MoMP and is due to expire in December 2023. The Company has a 70% interest in the Harvest Property in Ethiopia with the remaining 30% interest held by Ezana Mining Development PLC (“Ezana”).

The Company submitted an application for the exploration rights on the remaining prospective targets not included in the Terakimti HL Project (East Africa Mineral Resources), which has been approved pending a resubmission of detailed quotes for EM and IP surveys from an Ethiopian geophysical contractor and a LIDAR budget.

ADYABO PROPERTY - ETHIOPIA

The Adyabo Property is located approximately 600 kilometres north of Ethiopia's capital city of Addis Ababa and comprised of two exploration licenses, West Shire and Adi Dairo, covering approximately 195 square kilometres. The exploration licenses each had a term of 10 years and Adi Dairo and West Shire licenses expired in 2017 however extensions for the exploration rights outside the mining license area have been submitted. Discussions on the extension of exploration rights have resulted in an agreement for a one-year extension pending the submission and approval of an exploration program. Progress on the formal granting of the extension are currently tabled due to COVID-19 restrictions

The MoMP approved and ratified Mining Licenses for the Mato Bula and Da Tambuk projects in January 2019. The concessions are considered prospective for VMS and orogenic (structurally controlled) gold deposits, and contain numerous alluvial and bedrock gold workings as well as several large gold and gold-copper-arsenic anomalies defined by previous companies' stream-sediment sampling programs.

Further information on the Adyabo Property including past intercept results and related maps can be viewed on the Company's respective news releases or on the East Africa's website www.eastafricametals.com.

HANDENI PROPERTIES – TANZANIA

East Africa has projects in the Handeni gold district in eastern Tanzania. One of the Company's key properties is Handeni, located 173 kilometres northwest of Dar es Salaam and 35 kilometres south of the town of Handeni. The Handeni properties consists of two mining licenses covering 9.9 square kilometres (“Magambazi”) and contiguous mineral tenures totalling approximately 83.5 square kilometres including Prospecting Licenses (“PL”) and Primary Mining Licenses (“PMLs”). One mining license is held by Denwill Mining Services Ltd. (“Denwill”), a structured entity controlled by East Africa, and the Company has an option agreement to acquire a 100% interest upon payment of US\$40,000. Denwill acquired the Magambazi PMLs by the payment of US\$1,800,000, which the PMLs were later converted to a mining license and granted the vendors a 2.0% NSR royalty. As at the date of this MD&A, the option has not yet been exercised. The Company has signed an agreement with an arm's length Tanzanian private company, PMM Mining Company Limited to develop the Magambazi Mine in Tanzania.

FINANCIAL POSITION

Total assets

The \$1,098,370 increase in total assets from 2019 to 2020 relates to the fluctuation in foreign currency exchange resulting in a currency translation gain of \$1,135,818 being recorded in the six month period ended June 30, 2020 offset by the recognition of the Company's share of losses on its retained interest in TRI PLC (\$83,830) and exploration and head office cash related expenditure of approximately \$950,437 and interest on loan (\$25,418).

Notwithstanding periodic or one-time transactions and subject to changes in foreign currency exchange, total assets will generally remain constant from one period to the next, less the cost of expenditures on activities not capitalized such as mineral property interest and property and equipment. All direct costs associated with exploration of these properties are expensed as incurred.

Total liabilities

As at June 30, 2020, the Company's total liabilities are predominantly comprised of trade payables, accruals, related party payables and loans payable. The increase in total liabilities from \$2,389,034 at December 31, 2019 to \$3,389,235 at June 30, 2020 relates to accrued fees, trade payables and loans payable..

Total equity

The decrease of equity attributable to shareholders of \$139,437 as at June 30, 2020 from December 31, 2019, is currency translation gain of \$650,756 attributable to shareholders and 2020 net loss of \$986,531 attributable to shareholders.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Six month period June 30, 2020 compared with six month period June 30, 2019
(Information extracted from the Company's condensed interim consolidated financial statements)
(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

	Six month ended June 30,	
	2020	2019
Expenses		
Amortization	\$ 269	\$ 13,392
Directors and advisory board fees	34,500	54,502
Exploration and evaluation expenditure	377,055	348,148
Investor/shareholder communications and filing fees	88,862	133,683
Legal, audit and audit related fees	3,728	41,064
Management consulting fees and expenses	293,649	242,952
Office and administration	114,042	136,549
Rent and occupancy costs	29,844	46,944
Salary and benefits	8,487	145,990
Share-based compensation	-	608,470
Operating loss	(950,436)	(1,771,694)
Other income (expenses)		
Foreign exchange gain (loss)	22,035	41,885
Income (loss) on equity accounted investment	(83,830)	-
Interest expense	(25,418)	(21,200)
Recovery of leasehold inducements	-	-
Net loss for period	\$ (1,037,649)	\$ (1,751,009)
Net loss attributable to:		
Shareholders	\$ (986,531)	\$ (694,371)
Non-controlling interest	(51,118)	(24,985)
	\$ (1,037,649)	\$ (1,751,009)
Loss per share, basic and fully diluted	\$ (0.00)	\$ (0.01)
Weighted average number of common shares - basic and fully diluted	180,537,091	174,160,599

NET LOSS

The net loss for the six month period ended June 30, 2020 amounted to \$1,037,649 compared to a net loss for the period ended June 30 2020 of \$1,751,009. Included in the current period results are foreign exchange gain of \$22,035, loss on equity accounted investment of \$83,830 and interest expense on loan amounts of \$25,418.

OPERATING EXPENSES

For the six month period ended June 30, 2020, total operating expenses were \$950,436 compared to \$1,771,694 recorded during the same period in 2019 representing a decrease of \$821,257.

Significant factors that contributed to the variances are discussed below:

Exploration and evaluation expenditure

Exploration and evaluation expenditure incurred costs of \$377,055 for the six month period ended June 30, 2020 compared to \$348,148 for the period ended June 30, 2019.

A summary of East Africa's exploration and evaluation expenditure for the six month period ended June 30, 2020 are as follows:

	Tanzania, Handeni Property	Tanzania, Other Properties	Harvest Project	Adyabo Project	Six month period ended June 30, 2020
Exploration and evaluation expenditure					
Amortization	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 8,681	\$ -	\$ 8,681
Camp and administration	135,547	-	169,051	-	304,598
Drilling	-	-	6,177	-	6,177
Engineering	-	-	220	-	220
Environmental assessment	-	-	10,931	-	10,931
Geochemistry	889	-	8,143	15,153	24,185
Geology	-	-	3,298	-	3,298
Provision for (recovery of) taxes	16,748	-	1,611	-	18,359
Survey	-	-	606	-	606
Total for period	\$ 153,184	\$ -	\$ 208,718	\$ 15,153	\$ 377,055

Investor/shareholder communications and filing fees

For the six month period ended June 30, 2020, the Company recorded investor/shareholder communications and filing fees of \$88,862 compared to \$133,683 for the six month period ended June 30, 2019, a decrease of \$44,821. The decrease is related to minimal activity due to the Company's limited cash resources available to fund investor relations activities during the period.

Management and consulting fees

Management and consulting fees increased to \$293,649 in the current period from \$242,952 from the prior comparative period. In the current period included in this account are fees accrued for the services provided by the CEO, CFO and corporate secretary plus expenses for each of the respective parties. In the prior comparative period, the Company's CFO was a salaried employee.

Office and administration

For the six month period ended June 30, 2020, the Company recorded office and administration expenses of \$114,042 compared to \$136,549 for the six month period ended June 30, 2019, a decrease of \$22,507. Costs for office and administration include office expenses, travel expenses for corporate head office staff, network services and insurance costs. The overall decrease is predominantly related to reduced travel costs due to limited cash resources available.

Rent and occupancy costs

On March 31, 2019, the Company's lease for premises was terminated. Monthly lease payments including base rent and occupancy costs were approximately \$27,000 per month (\$324,000 per annum) before estimated rental recoveries from sub leasing. Commencing April 1, 2019, the Company leased premises on a month to month basis (approximately \$7,000 per month before rental recoveries of approximately \$1,500 per month). On May 31, 2020, the month to month lease was terminated and Company is using a virtual office at a cost of US\$57 per month. .

Salaries and benefits

Salaries and benefits decreased by \$137,503 from \$145,990 for the six month period ended June 30, 2019 to \$8,487 for the six month period ended June 30, 2020. The Company has only one part time employee in the current year.

Share-based compensation

In the prior comparative period, stock options entitling the holders to acquire 6,300,000 common shares at \$0.22 for a period of five years were granted to directors, officers, employees and consultants and share-based compensation of \$604,470 was recorded.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Three month period June 30, 2020 compared with three month period June 30, 2019
(Information extracted from the Company's condensed interim consolidated financial statements)

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

	Three month ended June 30,	
	2020	2019
Expenses		
Amortization	\$ -	\$ 884
Directors and advisory board fees	17,250	21,237
Exploration and evaluation expenditure	76,037	58,804
Investor/shareholder communications and filing fees	49,259	84,531
Legal, audit and audit related fees	(17,272)	17,342
Management consulting fees and expenses	122,920	152,230
Office and administration	72,519	81,918
Rent and occupancy costs	11,937	(11,817)
Salary and benefits	3,922	76,550
Share-based compensation	-	570,124
Operating loss	(336,572)	(1,051,803)
Other income (expenses)		
Foreign exchange gain (loss)	56,883	(9,635)
Income (loss) on equity accounted investment	(28,584)	-
Interest expense	(14,036)	(9,700)
Recovery of leasehold inducements	-	(19,687)
Net loss for period	\$ (322,309)	\$ (1,090,825)
Net loss attributable to:		
Shareholders	\$ (336,041)	\$ (1,084,723)
Non-controlling interest	13,732	(6,102)
	\$ (322,309)	\$ (1,090,825)
Loss per share, basic and fully diluted	\$ (0.00)	\$ (0.01)
Weighted average number of common shares - basic and fully diluted	180,537,091	179,408,371

NET LOSS

The net loss for the three month period ended June 30, 2020 amounted to \$322,309 compared to a net loss for the three month period ended June 30 2020 of \$1,090,825. Included in the current period results are foreign exchange gain of \$56,883, loss on equity accounted investment of \$28,584 and interest expense on loan amounts of \$14,036. The fluctuations in line item amounts are due to the same factors discussed in the above noted year-to-date analysis.

CAPITAL EXPENDITURES

During the six month period ended, the Company recorded maintenance payments of \$626 on its Tanzanian mineral property interests and \$26,834 on its Ethiopian property interest.

SUMMARY OF QUARTERLY RESULTS – UNAUDITED

The following table details the Company's quarterly results:

Quarter Ended	Net revenues	Net income (loss) attributable to shareholders	Net income (loss) attributable to non-controlling interest	Net income (loss)	Income (loss) per share - basic	Income (loss) per share - diluted
	\$'s	\$'s	\$'s	\$'s	\$'s	\$'s
30-Jun-20	-	(336,041)	13,732	(322,309)	\$ (0.00)	\$ (0.00)
31-Mar-20	-	(650,490)	(64,851)	(715,341)	\$ (0.00)	\$ (0.00)
31-Dec-19	-	1,405,370	6,983	1,412,353	0.01	0.01
30-Sep-19	-	(612,807)	(33,116)	(645,923)	(0.00)	(0.00)
30-Jun-19	-	(1,084,723)	(6,102)	(1,090,825)	(0.01)	(0.01)
31-Mar-19	-	(694,371)	(18,883)	(713,254)	(0.00)	(0.00)
31-Dec-18	-	(941,949)	(28,494)	(970,443)	0.02	0.02
30-Sep-18	-	(935,665)	(20,616.00)	(956,281)	(0.01)	(0.01)

*Values may not add to reported amount for the years then ended due to rounding

There are no meaningful trends evident from analysis of the summary of quarterly financial information over the last eight quarters.

Factors that can cause significant fluctuations in the Company's quarterly results are set out in the table below.

Quarter Ended	Exploration and evaluation expenditure	Share-based compensation	Write-offs of mineral property interests	Gain (loss) on sale of TRI PLC	Income (loss) on equity accounted investment
	\$'s	\$'s	\$'s	\$'s	\$'s
30-Jun-20	76,037	-	-	-	(28,584)
31-Mar-20	301,018	-	-	-	(55,246)
31-Dec-19	532,807	-	-	1,589,686	(18,659)
30-Sep-19	291,695	-	-	-	-
30-Jun-19	58,804	608,470	-	-	-
31-Mar-19	289,344	-	-	-	-
31-Dec-18	300,673	-	127,409	-	-
30-Sep-18	431,169	31,601	-	-	-

LIQUIDITY

As at June 30, 2020, the Company had cash and cash equivalents of \$165,185, other current assets of \$2,070,361 and current liabilities of \$3,389,235, compared to cash and cash equivalents of \$104,229, other current assets of \$1,992,855 and current liabilities of \$2,289,034 as at December 31, 2019.

As at June 30, 2020, East Africa had a working capital deficit of \$1,318,874 (December 31, 2019 – working capital deficit of \$396,179). The Company estimates that it does not have available funds, to meet requirements for the coming twelve months based on current estimated expenditures for operations, exploration and development of its mineral property interests and the outcome of the arbitration. Estimated exploration expenditures include but are not limited to, payment of accrued fees for Tanzanian mining licenses, assess resource growth on satellite targets near the Terakimti

HL Project and assess resource growth on the Mato Bula trend. These uncertainties cast significant doubt on the ability of the Company to continue as a going concern. As at June 30, 2020, the financial statements were prepared on a going concern basis which contemplates the realization of assets and the settlement of liabilities in the normal course of operations.

The Company's approximate sustaining monthly head office administration expenses are \$72,000. This minimum cost estimate assumes limited investor relations / shareholder information costs and excludes non-cash costs. Currently, the site and camp expenses (operating subsidiaries) are approximately \$25,000 monthly to maintain the normal operations in Ethiopia and Tanzania. The site and camp monthly administration expenses include Ethiopian costs for head office technical services, Ethiopian administrative staff and costs of operating the Ethiopian offices and warehouses and Tanzanian expenses to maintain a corporate presence in Tanzania until the arbitration is finalized.

In 2018, East Africa announced it had commenced an arbitration process to seek a determination that the Developer is in breach of the Tanzanian Definitive Agreements and Addendum and that the appropriate remedy is a declaration that the Tanzanian Definitive Agreements and Addendum be terminated, which may include a claim for any damages.

The ability of the Company to carry out its planned business objectives is dependent on its ability to raise adequate capital funds including and not limited to the sale of non-strategic assets, strategic alliances, debt financing, equity financing and optioning its mineral properties. If adequate financing is not available, the Company may be required to delay, reduce the scope of, or eliminate one or more exploration and/or development activities or relinquish rights to certain of its interests. There is no assurance that East Africa will be able to obtain financing in the future or that such financing will be on terms acceptable to East Africa.

CAPITAL RESOURCES

The Company has historically met its exploration and corporate capital requirements predominantly through the completion of equity placements and may be impacted by continued poor North American market conditions for exploration and development resource companies with operations in emerging countries. Trends affecting the Company's liquidity may be dictated by the demands on financial resources created by the advancing nature of East Africa's mineral property assets, the pursuit of a growth strategy that targets property acquisitions, the exploration commitments and the Company's ability to access the financial resources required to meet these demands. As the projects advance through exploration, they typically require more capital-intensive programs that apply pressure to the Company's financial resources.

The Company does not have any commitments as at June 30, 2020. The Company's lease for office premises was terminated March 31, 2019. East Africa's sustaining costs to maintain its head office and operating subsidiaries is approximately \$97,000 per month. In the prior year, the Company prepaid approximately \$1,800,000² for a minimum drill program of approximately 10,000 meters for the Ethiopian properties. Based on the aforementioned items, the Company has determined it does not have sufficient funds to meet its 2020 objectives without further funding.

Any additional planned work programs and any future development programs will result in a further decrease to the Company's current liquidity. In obtaining the required capital to pursue East Africa's business plan, capital may be generated from, debt financing, strategic alliances, accessing equity markets, procuring industry partners for its primary exploration assets or sale of exploration assets for equity positions or cash or some combination thereof. If the Company is successful in the Tanzanian arbitration case, it would look to identify a new development partner on terms that may include a cash payment. In the event that additional funding is required, there can be no assurances that such funds will be available and/or on terms acceptable by the Company.

Trends that affect the market generally, and the perception of East Africa within the marketplace, can affect the Company's ability to access capital in both a positive and negative way. Trends in this general market are defined by fluctuations in the global economy and the demand for metals and commodity prices. Trends in the perception of the Company in the resource marketplace may be affected by general trends in the resource equity markets which may in turn impact East Africa's performance in creating shareholder value and in demonstrating the ability to manage East Africa's affairs and achieve mandated objectives. Uncertainty is a prevalent element in exploration and development of mineral property assets, therefore it can, on occasion, impede the Company's ability to meet its financial requirements and result in an inability to advance exploration assets and meet objectives in a timely manner.

² The drill program was to commence in Q1-2020 but due to travel restrictions imposed by COVID-19, it has been delayed.

Mineral exploration and development involves a high degree of risk and few properties that are explored are ultimately developed into producing mines. There is no assurance that the Company's mineral exploration activities will result in discoveries of new resources or commercial mineral deposits. There is also no assurance that if a commercial mineral deposit is discovered that the deposit would be economical for commercial production. Discovery of mineral deposits is dependent upon a number of factors and significantly influenced by the technical skill of the exploration personnel involved. The commercial viability of a mineral deposit is also dependent upon a number of factors, which are beyond East Africa's control. Some of these factors are the attributes of the deposit, market conditions, environmental protection, foreign taxation, and government policies and regulation.

TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

In the normal course of business, the Company transacted with individuals and companies considered to be related parties. Related party transactions involve normal commercial compensation for services rendered by senior management, officers, and directors of the Company, by companies with which they were associated as owners, contractors or employees. For the six month ended June 30, 2020, the Company had recorded the following significant related party transactions:

On August 31, 2017, SinoTech (Hong Kong) Corporation Limited ("SinoTech") provided a short-term unsecured loan to the Company for \$600,000 with an interest rate of 12% per annum. During the year ended December 31, 2018, the Company repaid \$324,000 of the principal and interest. As at June 30, 2020, \$389,282 (December 31, 2019 - \$377,900) is payable and continues to accrued interest. The loan is repayable 15 days after the Company closes any future financing greater than CAD\$3,000,000 or December 31, 2020. Sino Tech will consider an additional extension to the agreement should it be requested by the Company due to the inability to pay completely by December 31, 2020.

On May 28, 2020, the Company entered into an agreement with SinoTech to provide a loan of \$250,000. The loan is unsecured and bears interest at the rate of 12% per annum. As at June 30, 2020, \$252,312 (December 31, 2019 - \$Nil) is payable and continues to accrue interest. The loan is repayable upon the earlier of 15 business days after the Company's closing of any financing or transaction in connection with the development of the Company's Harvest project or 6 months from the Company's receipt of the loan proceeds. Any extension of the loan is subject to SinoTech's agreement. The loan is a related party transaction, as SinoTech is a significant shareholder.

For the six months ended June 30, 2020, the Company recorded fees of \$249,500 (2019 – \$154,634) to directors and senior key management for directors fees, management consulting fees and services and related expenses. At June 30, 2020, the Company owed \$639,994 (December 31, 2019 - \$374,049) to key management personnel.

PROPOSED TRANSACTIONS

As of October 7, 2020, the Company has no proposed material transactions.

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of expenses during the reporting period. Actual outcomes could differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimates are revised and in future periods affected.

The areas involving a higher degree of judgment or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant are disclosed in note 4 in the Company's audited annual financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2019.

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Company has applied IFRS, as disclosed in note 3 to the annual financial statements, which are applied on a consistent basis.

INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND DISCLOSURE CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Currently, the certification required by the Company's certifying officers under National Instrument 52-109 Certificate of Disclosure in Issuers' Annual and Interim Filings ("NI 52-109"), the Venture Issuer Basic Certificate, does not include representations relating to the establishment and maintenance of disclosure controls and procedures ("DC&P") and internal control over financial reporting ("ICFR"), as defined in NI 52-109. In particular, the certifying officers are not making any representations relating to the establishment and maintenance of:

- (i) controls and other procedures designed to provide reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed by the issuer in its annual filings, interim filings or other reports filed or submitted under securities legislation is recorded, processed, summarised and reported within the time periods specified in securities legislation; and
- (ii) a process to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with the issuer's Generally Accepted Accounting Principles ("GAAP").

The Company's certifying officers are responsible for ensuring that processes are in place to provide them with sufficient knowledge to support the representations they make in the certificate.

Investors should be aware that inherent limitations on the ability of certifying officers of a venture issuer to design and implement on a cost effective basis DC&P and ICFR as defined in NI 52-109 may result in additional risks to the quality, reliability, transparency and timeliness of interim and annual filings and other reports provided under securities legislation.

NON-GAAP FINANCIAL MEASURES – OTHER EXPENDITURES

The Company uses the non-GAAP financial measures of Other Expenditures to manage, evaluate operating performance and prepare East Africa's MD&A. The Company believes that, in addition to conventional measures prepared in accordance with GAAP, certain investors use this information to evaluate the Company's performance. Accordingly, it is intended to provide additional information and should not be considered in isolation or as a substitute for measures of performance prepared in accordance with GAAP. Where Non-GAAP financial measures cannot be matched to the Financial Statements disclosures additional disclosure and/or reconciliation may be provided within the Non-GAAP disclosure if deemed necessary.

ADDITIONAL DISCLOSURE FOR VENTURE ISSUERS WITHOUT SIGNIFICANT REVENUE

Refer to elsewhere in the MD&A or the Company's financial statements for capitalized or expensed exploration and development costs, general and administrative expenses and other material costs. Additional information relating to the Company is on SEDAR www.sedar.com.

OUTSTANDING SHARE DATA

As at June 30, 2020 and the date of this report, the Company has 180,537,091 common shares issued and outstanding.

As at June 30, 2020 and the date of this report, the Company has 15,803,695 warrants issued and outstanding.

As at June 30, 2020 the date of this report, the Company has 31,524,500 stock options outstanding and exercisable.

RISK FACTORS

Below are the known risk factors for this Interim MD&A. Please refer to the section entitled "Risk Factors" in the Company's Annual MD&A for an additional list of risk factors that may impact the Company. You can review and obtain copies of the Company's filings from SEDAR at www.sedar.com or from East Africa's website www.eastafricametals.com.

Financial (liquidity) Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its obligations associated with the financial liabilities. Historically East Africa predominately relies on equity financings to fund its activities. While it has been successful in raising funds in the past, there is no guarantee that adequate funds will be available in the future. The Company had cash and cash equivalents of \$166,185 and working capital deficit of \$1,318,874 as at June 30, 2020. The Company estimates that it does not have available funds to meet requirements for the coming twelve months based

on current planned expenditures for operations, exploration and development of its mineral property interests. See the "Liquidity" section of this Interim MD&A for further discussion on the Company's ability to operate as a going concern.

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of loss associated with counterparty's inability to fulfill its payment obligations. The Company's credit risk is primarily attributable to cash and cash equivalents and receivables. Cash and cash equivalents may consist of Guaranteed Investment Certificates and short-term deposits issued by major Canadian banks. Receivables mainly consist of taxes recoverable and accounts receivables. The carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents, tax receivables and other accounts receivable represents the Company's maximum exposure to credit risk.

As at June 30, 2020, \$250,979 was due to the Company's foreign subsidiaries in Tanzania and Ethiopia from the foreign governments for Value Added Tax ("VAT"). East Africa is due refunds of certain taxes based on consumption, of which the timing of realization is uncertain. If these recoverable taxes are not collected, it could reduce the carrying value of these assets. Management has judged to raise a provision for 100% of the taxes recoverable given limited methods available to recover these taxes and the length of time it takes to recover these taxes. The Company continues to pursue approval of VAT refund claims from the various foreign governments. As a result, the outstanding taxes recoverable receivable could be exposed to the credit risk associated with the outstanding amounts.

Exploration and Commercial Viability Risk

The Company has no production of minerals and some of its properties are currently at the pre-development and exploration stage. The exploration and development of mineral deposits involves significant risks which even with careful evaluation, experience and knowledge may not, in some cases, be fully mitigated. The commercial viability of any mineral deposit depends on many factors, not all of which are within the control of management. These factors include, but are not limited to, Government approval for EAM Mineral Resources targets applications; the ability to extend current EAM Mineral Resources targets within the available legislation; the size, grade and proximity to infrastructure of the deposit; Government regulations; taxes; royalties; land tenure; land use; environmental protection and reclamation and closure obligations. All or some of these factors may have an impact on the economic viability of a mineral deposit. These unique environments could limit or reduce production possibilities or if conditions are permissive for potential natural disasters, such as severe weather, could negatively impact facilities, equipment and the safety of its workers dramatically. One or more of these risk elements could have an impact on costs of the operations and if significant enough, reduce the profitability of future production and threaten the continuation of a particular project or operations altogether.

Development Stage Projects

Profits from commercial operations will depend on a significant number of factors, including economic feasibility, changing market conditions, environmental and government regulations, labour availability, the cost of and the ability to attract external financial capital, and the ability to attract partners with sufficient technical expertise and relevant industry experience to further develop the various projects. Any failure to meet one or a combination of these factors may result in project delays or potential cancellation of the projects permits and the Company's future operating results may be adversely affected.

Licensing Matters

The Company's operations are subject to receiving and maintaining permits and licenses from appropriate governmental authorities. Title insurance is generally not available for permits and licenses and the Company's ability to ensure that it has obtained a secure claim to individual mineral properties or mining concessions may be severely constrained. East Africa's mineral properties may be subject to prior unregistered agreements, transfers or claims, and title may be affected by, among other things, undetected defects. The Company has not conducted surveys of all of the mineral rights in which it holds direct or indirect interest

Although, the Company currently has the required mining licenses for its Terakimti HL, Da Tambuk and Mato Bula Projects, there is no assurance that delays will not occur in connection with obtaining all necessary renewals for future existing applications or additional permits or licenses for all future operations. There can be no assurance that East Africa will continue to hold all permits and licenses necessary to develop or continue operating at any particular property, or that any such licenses or permits awarded will not be cancelled pursuant to applicable current or future legislation. The rights of East Africa's in the Terakimti HL, Mato Bula and Da Tambuk Projects are held through the mining agreements and mining licenses that sets out a tax regime and development and production framework. There

can be no assurance that the Company will continue to be in compliance with all terms and conditions of the mining agreements and mining licenses or assurance that any dispute resolution process will decide in the Company's favour.

The Tanzanian Assets are held with two (2) mining licenses for the Magambazi project and associated PLs for the exploration assets. With the current default notice suspended for the Magambazi project until the legal dispute is resolved, East Africa has accrued its mining license and PL annual payments. There can be no assurance that the Company will continue to be in compliance with all terms and conditions of the mining licenses or PLs or assurance that any dispute resolution process will decide in the Company's favour.

Foreign Countries and Political Policy Risk

The Company has interests in exploration properties that are located in the developing countries of Tanzania and Ethiopia. The Company's mineral exploration may be affected in varying degrees by political instability and government regulations relating to foreign investment and the mining industry. Changes, if any, in mining or investment policies or shifts in political attitude in Tanzania and/or Ethiopia may adversely affect East Africa's operations. Operations may be affected in varying degrees by government regulations with respect to, but not limited to, restrictions on production, price controls, export controls, currency remittance, direct and indirect taxes, tax assessments, royalties, expropriation of property, foreign investment, maintenance of claims, environmental legislation, land use, land claims of local people, water use and mine safety. Failure to comply with applicable laws, regulations, and permitting requirements may result in enforcement actions there under, including orders issued by regulatory or judicial authorities causing operations to cease or be curtailed, and may include corrective measures requiring capital expenditures, installation of additional equipment, or remedial actions. There is no assurance that the Company's mineral exploration activities will result in any discoveries of new bodies of commercial deposits as a result of changes in Foreign Country or Political Policy risks.

Conflict of Interest

East Africa's directors and officers may serve as directors and/or officers, or may be associated with, other reporting companies, or may have significant shareholdings in other public companies. To the extent that such other companies may participate in financing, business or asset acquisitions, dispositions or ventures in which the Company may participate, the directors and officers of East Africa may have a conflict of interest in negotiating and concluding terms reflecting the transaction. Consequently, there exists the possibility that such directors will be in a position of conflict of interest. Any decision made by such directors involving the Company are made in accordance with their duties and obligations to deal fairly and in good faith with the Company and such other companies. In addition, such directors will declare, and refrain from voting on, any matter in which such directors may have a material conflict of interest.

Arbitration Proceedings

In 2018 the Company began a binding arbitration process against the Developer with respect to certain disputes that East Africa has with the Developer relating to the Company's Tanzanian properties. The cost of the arbitration process maybe substantial and there is no assurance that the Company will be successful in establishing the Developer's liability or, if successful, will collect any award by the arbitration tribunal for compensation from the Developer. Failure to prevail in the arbitration process and obtain adequate compensation could materially adversely affect the Company. Certain legal liabilities may result from legal matters arising in Tanzania or from the arbitration. The final outcome of the arbitration and any Tanzanian legal matters cannot be predicted with certainty.

Key Management individuals

The Company's success depends, to a certain degree, upon key members of the management. These individuals are a significant factor in the Company's growth and success and East Africa does not have key man insurance in place in respect of any of its directors, management or employees. The loss of the service of members of the management and certain key employees could have a material adverse effect on the Company.

Information Technology Threats

Information systems and other technologies, including those related to the Company's financial and operational management, are an integral part of the Company's business activities. Network and information systems-related events, such as computer hackings, cyber-attacks, computer viruses, worms or other destructive or disruptive software, process breakdowns, denial of service attacks, power outages, natural disasters, terrorist attacks or any combination of the foregoing, could result in damage to the Company's property, equipment and data. These events also could result in significant expenditures to repair or replace the damaged property or information systems and/or to protect them from similar events in the future. Further, any security breaches, such as misappropriation, misuse, leakage, falsification or

accidental release or loss of information maintained in the Company's information technology systems, including personnel and other data, could damage its reputation and require the Company to expend significant capital and other resources to remedy any such security breach. The Company does not have insurance coverage against losses resulting from any such events or security breaches and the occurrence of any such events or security breaches could have a material adverse effect on the business of the Company.

COVID-19

In late 2019, a virus which causes coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19) was identified in Wuhan, Hubei, China. The virus subsequently spread throughout most of the world and in March 2020, COVID-19 was recognized as a pandemic by the World Health Organization. COVID-19 has had a significant impact on businesses through the restrictions put in place by Canadian and foreign governments regarding travel, business operations and isolation/quarantine orders. At this time, it is unknown the extent of the impact the COVID-19 outbreak may have on the Company as this will depend on future developments that are highly uncertain and that cannot be predicted with confidence. These uncertainties arise from the inability to predict the ultimate geographic spread of the disease, and the duration of the outbreak, including the duration of travel restrictions, business closures or disruptions, and quarantine/isolation measures that are currently, or may be put, in place by Canada and other countries to fight the virus. We anticipate this outbreak may increase difficulties in financing and increased government regulations, all of which may negatively impact the Company's business and financial condition