



EAST AFRICA METALS INC.  
MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS  
FOR THE THREE MONTH PERIOD ENDED  
June 30, 2026

This interim MD&A - Quarterly Highlights (“Interim MD&A”) provides a review of the business activities of East Africa Metals Inc. (collectively, with its subsidiaries, “East Africa” or the “Company”) for the three month period ended June 30, 2026 (“Q1 2027”), compared to the three month period ended June 30, 2025 (“Q1 2026”). This Interim MD&A has been prepared in compliance with section 2.2.1 of Form 51-102F1, in accordance with National Instrument 51-102 – Continuous Disclosure Obligations. This Interim MD&A has been prepared on the basis of available information up to August 27, 2026, and should be read in conjunction with the Company’s unaudited condensed interim financial statements (“Interim Financial Statements”) for the three month period ended June 30, 2026, the audited consolidated financial statements (“Annual Financial Statements”) for the year ended March 31, 2026, the corresponding notes to the Annual Financial Statements which have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (“IFRS”) and Management’s Discussion and Analysis for the year ended March 31, 2026 (“Annual MD&A”). These documents are available on SEDAR at [www.sedarplus.ca](http://www.sedarplus.ca). All dollar amounts are expressed in Canadian dollars except where indicated otherwise.

### Cautionary Statement Regarding Forward-Looking Information

*This MD&A may contain certain forward-looking statements concerning anticipated developments in the Company’s operations in future periods, “forward-looking information,” within the meaning of applicable Canadian securities legislation. The forward-looking statements are set forth in this MD&A and may include statements regarding exploration results and budgets, mineral resource estimates, work programs, capital expenditures, timelines, strategic plans, market price of commodities or other statements that are not a statement of fact. Generally, forward-looking information can be identified by the use of forward-looking terminology such as “anticipate”, “believe”, “plan”, “expect”, “intend”, “estimate”, “forecast”, “project”, “budget”, “schedule”, “may”, “will”, “could”, “might”, “should” or variations of such words or similar words or expressions. Forward-looking information is based on reasonable assumptions that have been made by the Company as at the date of such information and is subject to known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause the actual results, level of activity, performance or achievements of the Company to be materially different from those expressed or implied by such forward-looking information, including but not limited to: recoverability of the Ethiopian and Tanzanian VAT receivable; early exploration; the ability of the Company to identify any other corporate opportunities; the possibility that the Company may not be able to generate sufficient cash to service its planned operations and may be forced to take other options; contest over title; the risk the Company may not be able to continue as a going concern, the Company will require additional financing to develop the Harvest Property into a mining operation; the risks associated with obtaining necessary licenses or permits including and not limited to Ethiopian Government approval of future EAM Mineral Resources targets for the Company’s Ethiopian Properties and Projects; risks associated with mineral exploration and development; metal and mineral prices; availability of capital; accuracy of the Company’s projections and estimates, including the initial and any updates to the mineral resource for the Adyabo, Harvest and Magambazi Projects; realization of mineral resource estimates; interest and exchange rates; competition; stock price fluctuations; availability of drilling equipment and access; actual results of exploration activities; government regulation; political or economic developments; foreign taxation risks; environmental risks; insurance risks; capital expenditures; operating or technical difficulties in connection with development activities; personnel relations; the speculative nature of strategic metal exploration and development including the risks of contests over title to properties; and changes in project parameters as plans continue to be refined, as well as those risk factors set out in the Company’s listing application dated July 8, 2013, and within this MD&A. The estimate of mineral resources may be materially affected by environmental, permitting, legal, title, taxation, sociopolitical, marketing, or other relevant issues. The quantity and grade of reported inferred mineral resources as the estimation is uncertain in nature and there has been insufficient exploration to define any inferred mineral resources as an indicated or measured mineral resource and it is uncertain if further exploration will result in upgrading inferred mineral resources to an indicated or measured mineral resource category. Forward-looking statements are based on assumptions management believes to be reasonable, including but not limited to the price of precious and base metals; the demand for precious and base metals; the ability to carry on exploration and development activities; the timely receipt of any required approvals; the ability to obtain qualified personnel, equipment and services in a timely and cost-efficient manner; the ability to operate in a safe, efficient and effective manner; and the regulatory framework including and not limited to license approvals, social and environmental matters, and such other assumptions and factors as set out herein. Although the Company has attempted to identify important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those contained in forward-looking information, there may be other factors that cause results not to be as anticipated, estimated or intended. There can be no assurance that such information will prove to be accurate, as actual results and future events could differ materially from those anticipated in such information. The Company does not update or revise forward-looking information even if new information becomes available unless legislation requires the Company to do so. Accordingly, readers should not place undue reliance on forward-looking information contained herein, except in accordance with applicable securities laws.*

## INTRODUCTION

East Africa was incorporated on December 7, 2012, under the Canada Business Corporations Act. The address of the Company's corporate office and principal place of business is Suite 1700, 777 Dunsmuir Street, Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada. On July 11, 2013, the Company commenced trading on the TSX Venture Exchange as a Tier 2 mining issuer under the trading symbol "EAM".

## DESCRIPTION OF THE BUSINESS

East Africa is a mineral exploration company focused on the identification, acquisition, exploration, development and/or sale of base and precious metal resource properties in the Federal Democratic Republic of Ethiopia ("Ethiopia") and the United Republic of Tanzania ("Tanzania"). The Company's major mineral property interests consist of one project in Ethiopia, the Harvest Property, which hosts the Terakimti Gold Heap Leach Project ("Terakimti") and one project in Tanzania, the Magambazi Project. Additionally, the Company has a 30% equity interest in Tigray Resources Incorporated PLC, which has two projects in Ethiopia the Adyabo Property - Mato Bula Gold Copper Project ("Mato Bula") and the Da Tambuk Gold Project ("Da Tambuk").

## KEY OPERATING MILESTONES

### EXPLORATION UPDATES

- On June 24, 2025, the Company provided an update on its Ethiopian gold projects, recent regulatory and geopolitical developments in the Tigray region and progress made by its partner in advancing key assets toward production.
- Four-year extensions granted for EAM's Adyabo and Harvest mining licenses, through 2028.
- Renewed engagement by the Tigray Mines and Energy Agency under the interim regional administration.
- Positive economic development initiatives in Tigray Region with a focus on improving security conditions and enhancing administrative support for the resumption of mining in the region.
- Tibet Huayu Mining Co Ltd. ("Tibet Huayu") confirms its continued commitment to advance the Mato Bula and Da Tambuk gold deposits toward production.
- In October 2020, the Company signed a Share Purchase Agreement and Gold Purchase Agreement with PMM Mining Company Limited (PMM), a Tanzanian private company, to develop the Magambazi mining project. In December 2023 due to PMM's lack of performance, non-compliance with the terms and conditions of the Mining License Agreement respecting the project and a litany of breaches to PMM's agreements with the Company, the Tanzanian Ministry of Minerals suspended PMM's operations at the project site and the renewal of the mining licenses. Since that time EAM's management has been engaged with the Tanzanian government and PMM to resolve issues inhibiting the development of commercial mining operations at Magambazi.
- In August 2024, the Tanzanian Government intervened again to mediate a resolution to PMM's non-compliance. The Minister of Minerals imposed a process under which the Company and PMM were instructed to engage in constructive discussions on how the project would be progressed, otherwise the licences would not be renewed. Following those discussions, EAM and PMM signed an MOU on 29<sup>th</sup> August 2024 wherein they mutually agreed on appointing a third-party developer to advance the Magambazi Project.
- On August 15, 2025, the Company announced it had entered into a binding Memorandum of Understanding ("MOU") with Ubora Minerals Company Limited ("Ubora") to acquire and develop the Company's Magambazi Project in Tanzania through the acquisition of 100% of the shares of CTL. Ubora is a subsidiary company of Anchises Capital Precious Metal Fund LLC ("Anchises"), which holds 50,200,000 common shares of the Company, representing approximately 18.66% of the Company's issued and outstanding shares. Accordingly, Ubora is a "Non-Arm's Length Party" of the Company, as defined under the policies of the TSX Venture Exchange.
- Terms of the MOU to acquire 100% of the shares of CTL include:
  - Cash payment of US\$1.0 million upon signing of a definitive agreement that replaces the MOU (a "Definitive Agreement"), in lieu of US\$1.7 million owed to the Company by PMM Mining Company Limited ("PMM");
  - 4% Net Smelter Returns royalty, subject to annual minimum royalty, advanced royalties, and cumulative 10-year guarantee payment terms;
  - Buyout of PMM's interest in the Magambazi Project;
  - Project development within 48 months after obtaining all necessary approvals and acquiring control of the project, as required by applicable regulatory authorities; and,

- A minimum annual production rate of 40,000 ounces of gold within 48 months of commercial production.
- The MOU and the transaction represented thereunder are subject to a number of conditions, including approval by the Tanzanian Mining Commission and other relevant government authorities, the entering of a Definitive Agreement, and approval of the TSX Venture Exchange.

For the above exploration updates, mineral resource estimates, related maps and further information on the Harvest Property and the Adyabo Property can be viewed in East Africa's respective news releases and on East Africa's website at [www.eastafricametals.com](http://www.eastafricametals.com).

## CORPORATE UPDATES

- On June 17, 2025, the Company completed a non-brokered private placement at \$0.11 per share for gross proceeds of \$5,522,000 and issued 50,200,000 shares.
- On June 20, 2025, the Company announced the appointment of Mr. Gang Chen (aka Asa Chen) as a director. Mr. Chen was nominated by Anchises Capital Precious Metal Fund LLC, a significant shareholder of the Company, following its investment of CAD\$5,522,000 in the Company's recently closed private placement on June 17, 2025.
- On February 2, 2026, the Company granted 16,300,000 stock options to certain directors, officers and consultants. The options have an exercise price \$0.15 and an expiry date of February 1, 2031.

For the above corporate updates highlights refer to East Africa's respective news releases or the Company website, [www.eastafricametals.com](http://www.eastafricametals.com) for further details.

## OUTLOOK

As of the date of this MD&A, the Company's primary focus remains the advancement of its Ethiopian assets and recovery of value from its Tanzanian properties.

### *Magambazi Project in Tanzania*

The Company's Tanzanian assets are held through its subsidiary, Canaco Tanzania Limited ("CTL"), and relate primarily to the Magambazi Gold Project. Towards the end of calendar 2025, Mining Licences ML 525/2014 and ML 480/2012 were renewed.

The Company's prior project development arrangement with PMM Mining Company Limited ("PMM") has been terminated, and the dispute between the parties is currently before the Tanzanian Commercial Court. Based on advice received from Tanzanian counsel, following a Court ruling scheduled for September 14, 2026, the matter is expected to proceed to mandatory court-annexed mediation. The mediation process is required to be completed within 30 days.

The court-annexed mediation is intended to provide the parties with an opportunity to resolve the dispute without proceeding to a full trial. The parties are not required to reach a settlement. If the mediation is unsuccessful, the mediator is expected to report that outcome to the Trial Judge and the case would then return to the Trial Judge for hearing and determination on the merits. The timing and outcome of that process cannot be predicted with absolute certainty, as the duration of proceedings will depend on a number of factors, particularly the number of witnesses required to testify. For this matter EAM is expected to call one or two witnesses. Based on our practical experience with the Commercial Court, once the substantive trial has commenced it is possible for the proceedings to progress to judgment within approximately sixty (60) days from the commencement of the trial.

The Company is preparing a settlement position for the mediation. The proposed terms under consideration would require PMM to provide satisfactory documentary support for expenditures it claims to have made in connection with the Magambazi Project. Amounts that are adequately supported would be proposed for payment upon completion of a settlement, with the balance of the US\$10 million amount referenced in the parties' MOU proposed to be paid in equal

annual instalments over an assumed 15-year mine life. These terms remain subject to approval by the Company's Board, negotiation with PMM and documentation of any final settlement.

Based on the Company's rights under the Gold Purchase Agreement with PMM, the Company has selected Ubora Minerals Company Limited ("Ubora") as the proposed third-party developer for the Magambazi Project and has been in discussions with Ubora regarding the development of the Project and the funding of a potential settlement with PMM. The Company previously entered into a binding Memorandum of Understanding with Ubora on August 14, 2025, which was subsequently extended. Any appointment of Ubora as developer, and any related settlement funding arrangements, remain subject to definitive agreements, applicable approvals and resolution of the ongoing dispute with PMM.

The Company has invested in excess of US\$50 million in the Magambazi Project. The Company continues to assess its legal rights and remedies under applicable Tanzanian law and international investment protection frameworks. If the domestic mediation and litigation process does not result in a satisfactory resolution, the Company may consider whether to pursue additional remedies available to it. No formal international investment proceeding has been initiated as of the date of this MD&A.

Management continues to assess the carrying value of its Tanzanian assets in accordance with IFRS. Any impairment, if required, will be recognized in the period in which it is determined. There can be no assurance regarding the timing or outcome of the mediation, the court proceedings, negotiations with PMM or Ubora, or any other regulatory or legal process.

### ***Development of the Adyabo and Terakimti HL Properties in Ethiopia***

In Ethiopia, the Company's strategy is to preserve and advance the value of its interests in the Adyabo and Harvest properties while maintaining the projects in a position to resume development when security and operating conditions permit. The Company's principal Ethiopian assets include the Mato Bula and Da Tambuk mining licences at the Adyabo Project and the Terakimti HL mining licence at the Harvest Property. The Adyabo Project is held through Tigray Resources Incorporated PLC ("TRI"), which is owned 70% by Tibet Huayu Mining Co. Ltd. ("Tibet Huayu") and 30% by EAM. Under the existing project arrangements, Tibet Huayu is responsible for funding 100% of the development costs for Mato Bula and Da Tambuk. The Mato Bula and Da Tambuk mine development periods have been extended to February 1, 2028, and the Terakimti HL mining licence, in which EAM holds a 70% interest, has been renewed to December 5, 2028. The Company advises that the applicable mining licences remain in good standing. The projects are presently subject to force majeure declarations made by EAM and accepted by the Federal Government of Ethiopia, which preserve the Company's rights and suspend applicable development obligations while the conditions giving rise to force majeure continue. These licence extensions and accepted force majeure declarations preserve EAM's interests in three advanced mineral projects while regional conditions remain unsettled. The timing of development remains dependent on security, site access, partner decisions, financing, regulatory requirements and other factors outside the Company's control.

### ***Adyabo Property***

In February 2019, the Company entered into a Letter of Intent with Tibet Huayu for the Adyabo Property. The Letter of Intent contemplated Tibet Huayu would develop and operate the Adyabo Property. In July 2019, the parties signed a Share Purchase Agreement and Joint Venture Contract for the development and operation of the Adyabo Property's Mato Bula and Da Tambuk Projects. In August 2019, with the Share Purchase Agreement closed, Tibet Huayu has the right to initiate the design, construction and related works at the Mato Bula and Da Tambuk Projects. On November 27, 2019, formal registration of the transfer of 70% of the Company's equity interest in its Ethiopian subsidiary to Tibet Huayu was completed. The Company holds a 30% equity interest in the Adyabo Property.

Following the November 2022 Cessation of Hostilities Agreement, EAM and Tibet Huayu resumed engagement with Ethiopian federal and regional authorities regarding the Adyabo Project. In May 2024, the Ethiopian Ministry of Mines approved extensions of the mine development periods for Mato Bula and Da Tambuk to February 1, 2028. The mining licences remain in good standing. The Adyabo projects are currently subject to force majeure declarations made by EAM and accepted by the Federal Government of Ethiopia. While the force majeure conditions remain in effect, applicable project obligations are suspended in accordance with the accepted declarations. Tibet Huayu has previously advanced pre-development activities, including staffing, community engagement, design review and procurement planning. For EAM shareholders, the Adyabo structure provides continued exposure to the Mato Bula and Da Tambuk projects through the Company's 30% interest, while Tibet Huayu remains responsible under the existing arrangements for funding project development. No assurance can be given as to the timing of construction or production, which will depend on security, access, regulatory conditions and Tibet Huayu's development decisions.

During August 2026, the Company was advised that Mr. Deng had resigned from his positions with TRI and Tibet Huayu. The Company has not yet been advised of his replacement or whether the management change will affect Tibet Huayu's development plans. Regional security also remains a material consideration. Open-source reporting confirmed renewed armed clashes in western Tigray on August 1, 2026 between Ethiopian federal forces and Tigrayan forces, with responsibility for initiating the fighting disputed by the parties. Government of Canada travel advice continues to recommend avoiding all travel to Tigray because of armed conflict, civil unrest and an unpredictable security environment. The Company continues to monitor developments with its Ethiopian representatives and development partner and will assess the timing of field and development activities as conditions evolve. Force majeure protections remain in effect where applicable.

Exploration rights on priority targets outside of Mato Bula and Da Tambuk remain under dispute. EAM formally contested the Ethiopian Ministry of Mines' 2021 reassignment of its legally held exploration rights to third parties. EAM has filed formal legal notices and demands reinstatement of all licenses affected by the conflict and COVID restrictions, referencing valid 2020 extensions. Negotiations with Ethiopian authorities remain active.

In March 2023, EAM submitted a new application, and a response is expected once it is deemed safe to resume mining activities in the Tigray regions.

### ***Terakimti HL Project***

In December 2017, the Company received a mining license for the Terakimti HL Project, which includes the requirement to complete construction of the mine within 2 years. The Company applied for an extension of the mine development period, which was granted in December 2019 extending the term to December 5, 2020. The mining license has a term of 6 years with the ability for renewal of up to 10 years on the approval of the Ministry of Mines and Petroleum ("MoMP") and was due to expire in December 2023. On May 15, 2024, the mining license was renewed effective January 1, 2024 and is due to expire on December 5, 2028. The Company has a 70% interest in the Terakimti Property in Ethiopia with the remaining 30% interest held by Ezana Mining Development PLC ("Ezana").

Development and field activities at Terakimti were interrupted by the COVID-19 pandemic and the 2020-2022 conflict in Tigray, and access to the project area has remained constrained by the security environment. Although the November 2022 Cessation of Hostilities Agreement created a basis for renewed engagement and project planning, periodic security incidents have continued. The August 2026 clashes in western Tigray reinforce the continuing uncertainty affecting travel, safe access and the timing of field activities in the region. The Terakimti mining licence remains in good standing and has been renewed to December 5, 2028. The project is subject to a force majeure declaration made by EAM and accepted by the Federal Government of Ethiopia. While the force majeure conditions remain in effect, applicable project obligations are suspended. Accordingly, the timing of any resumption of development cannot presently be determined.

Management's near-term priority is to protect the standing and value of the Ethiopian mineral interests, maintain engagement with government and project partners, and preserve operational readiness for a return to the field when conditions permit. The Company believes that the existing mining licences, established mineral resources and development agreements provide a foundation for future advancement; however, there can be no assurance as to the timing of renewed construction, exploration or production. Any material changes in security, access, partner participation, regulatory status or development plans will be assessed for their operational and financial reporting implications, including the carrying value of the Company's Ethiopian assets under IFRS.

Force majeure declarations have been made by EAM in respect of its Ethiopian projects and accepted by the Federal Government of Ethiopia. The current declaration applicable to the Harvest/Terakimti Project was filed on January 16, 2026. In accordance with applicable procedures, the Company is required to renew the declarations periodically while the relevant force majeure conditions continue.

The Ethiopian Ministry of Mines and other relevant Federal Government authorities have been notified of the applicable force majeure declarations. The Company continues to engage with federal and regional authorities concerning licence standing, project access and the conditions required to resume development activities. The Company advises that the Mato Bula, Da Tambuk and Terakimti mining licences remain in good standing, with the applicable licence and mine-development periods extending through 2028.

The Terakimti mining licence remains in good standing and is due to expire on December 5, 2028. The project remains subject to an accepted force majeure declaration. The Company intends to maintain the licence and advance the project when security, access, regulatory and financing conditions permit.

***Exploration of the Adyabo Property in Ethiopia***

Tigray Resources Incorporated PLC ("Tri") submitted an application for exploration rights on the remaining prospective targets not included within the boundaries of the Mato Bula and DaTambuk (East Africa Mineral Resources) Mining Licenses, which has been approved pending a submission of the final Engineering, Procurement & Construction Management documents. On receipt of the Ministry of Mines and Petroleum ("MoMP") approval of the proposed work program and identification of funding, the Company intends to continue assessment of identified exploration targets through diamond drilling and geophysical surveys, including high priority targets along the highly prospective Mato Bula Trend.

In March of 2023, an application for exploration right on the remaining prospective targets not included within the boundaries of the Mato Bula and DaTambuk (East Africa Mineral Resources) Mining Licenses was made, which has been approved.

***Exploration of the Harvest Property in Ethiopia***

The Company submitted an application for the exploration rights on the remaining prospective targets not included in the Terakimti HL Project, which was approved in January 2020. In September 2021, EAM management was advised by the Ministry certain exploration rights in Ethiopia granted to EAM subsidiaries in January 2020, had been granted to a third-party. This action by the Ministry has occurred despite these exploration rights being legally held by EAM and protected by declarations of Force Majeure.

EAM has been able to confirm through Ministry records that this reported action by the Ministry does not impact any of the existing Mining Licenses nor does it affect exploration rights to any priority exploration targets in which EAM has an interest.

The exploration extension rights for the Harvest and Adyabo projects, granted to a third-party, includes property interests that are the subject of a valid Exploration License Period Extension Agreements (the "**Exploration Rights**") granted by the Ministry to Ethiopian subsidiaries of East Africa Metals Inc. ("**EAM**") on January 28, 2020. On May 27, 2021, the Ministry wrongly purported to terminate the Licenses in breach of EAM's legal rights. EAM strongly disputes the validity of the Ministry's purported termination of the Exploration Rights and subsequent grant to a third-party.

The Company has formally filed Legal Notice in compliance with the Company's rights under the Ethiopian Mining Laws and will continue to demand the Ministry cancel any exploration license(s) granted to third-parties in the areas previously granted to EAM subsidiary and to Tigray Resources Incorporated PLC and affected by force majeure events and reinstate them to EAM.

**CURRENT COMPANY OBJECTIVES**

Current objectives:

1. Advance development at Mato Bula and Da Tambuk under JV with Tibet Huayu;
2. Recover exploration rights on Harvest and Adyabo extensions;
3. Initiate exploration and expansion of known resources in Ethiopia;
4. Recover the value from its Tanzania properties; and
5. Secure funding through strategic partnerships, equity, or asset options

**PROJECT DESCRIPTIONS**

**The current Global Project Resources discovered by EAM include:**

| <b>Project Resources (Au + Au<sup>eqv</sup> Metal ounces)</b>       |                      |                                   |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------------|
| <b>Project</b>                                                      | <b>Category</b>      | <b>Au +Au<sup>eqv</sup>ounces</b> |
| <b>Adyabo Project, Ethiopia</b><br>(EAM 30% Net Profit Interest)    | Indicated            | <b>446,000</b>                    |
|                                                                     | Inferred             | <b>551,000</b>                    |
| <b>Harvest Project, Ethiopia</b><br>(EAM = 70% Project Interest)    | Indicated            | <b>469,000</b>                    |
|                                                                     | Inferred             | <b>426,000</b>                    |
| <b>Magambazi Project, Tanzania</b><br>(EAM = 100% Project Interest) | Measured & Indicated | <b>975,859</b>                    |
|                                                                     | Inferred             | <b>1,792</b>                      |

**REFERENCES**

**Tetra Tech (April 30, 2018).** *National Instrument 43-101 Technical Report and Preliminary Economic Assessment for the Mato Bula Deposit, Adyabo Property, Tigray National Regional State, Ethiopia*

**Tetra Tech (April 30, 2018).** *National Instrument 43-101 Technical Report and Preliminary Economic Assessment for the Da Tambuk Project, Adyabo Property, Tigray National Regional State, Ethiopia*

**Tetra Tech (April 30, 2018).** *National Instrument 43-101 Technical Report and Preliminary Economic Assessment for the Terakimti Oxide Deposit, Harvest Project, Tigray National Regional State, Ethiopia*

**Aurum Exploration Services (February 14, 2014).** *NI43-101 Technical Report on a Mineral Resource Estimate at the Terakimti Prospect, Harvest Property (centred at 38°21'E, 14°19'N), Tigray National Region, Ethiopia*

**Aurum Exploration Services (February 14, 2014).** *Mineral Resource Estimate and Update to a NI43-101 Technical Report for the Handeni Property centered at 37.97°E, 5.744°S, Tanga Province, Handeni District, Tanzania*

**ETHIOPIA**

Ethiopia is located in northeast Africa, in the region termed the Horn of Africa. The country is landlocked and is comprised topographically of predominantly high plateaus. New mining regulations ("Proclamation(s)") were issued in 1993 with the purpose of promoting the exploration and development of Ethiopia's natural resources. The Proclamations allow for business incentives that include the right to sell minerals, preferential duty and tax provisions on equipment and machinery, a 5-8% production royalty (revised in Proclamation 678/2010) and a 25% income tax rate.

The Company currently has interests in two areas in Ethiopia, the Harvest Property and the Adyabo Property. The current Mineral Resources at the Ethiopian Properties straddle an infrastructure corridor, with the projects being located within 11 and 7 kilometres respectively of a paved highway and a high-tension power corridor.

Where applicable, information within this MD&A which pertains to the Harvest and Adyabo Properties may reference work performed by Tigray Resources Inc. ("Tigray") before the completion of the Tigray Arrangement on May 7, 2014. References to Tigray news releases before May 7, 2014, can be found on East Africa's website at [www.eastafricametals.com](http://www.eastafricametals.com) and information on the Tigray Arrangement can be found in Tigray's management information circular dated March 28, 2014, which can be found on SEDAR at [www.sedarplus.ca](http://www.sedarplus.ca).

**HARVEST PROPERTY – ETHIOPIA**

The Company has a 70% interest in Harvest with the remaining 30% held by Ezana Mining Development PLC ("Ezana"), an Ethiopian company. The non-controlling interest is carried at 30% until the completion of the feasibility study. The

Company is responsible for all exploration costs on the project until government approval of a Mining License is received. Subsequent to the receipt of a mining license any approved contributions by the Company for which Ezana elects not to contribute or elects to contribute less than its equity interest, could increase the Company's interest.

The Harvest Property is located 600 kilometres north of Ethiopia's capital city of Addis Ababa. The Harvest Property is located in the highly prospective Asmara Mineral Belt in the southern part of the Arabian Nubian Shield (ANS), host to the Bisha, Debarwa and Emba Derho volcanogenic massive sulphide deposits. Vein-related gold deposits are also typical of the ANS, including the >13 million ounce Sukari deposit in Egypt, the one million ounce gold discovery at Koka-Zara in central Eritrea and the approximate 140,000 ounce per year gold producer at Lega Dembi in southern Ethiopia.

### **ADYABO PROPERTY - ETHIOPIA**

The Adyabo Project is located approximately 600 kilometres north of Ethiopia's capital city of Addis Ababa covering approximately 195 square kilometres. The Adyabo Project include the Mato Bula and Da Tambuk mining licences. The Adyabo Project is held through Tigray Resources Incorporated PLC ("TRI"), which is owned 70% by Tibet Huayu Mining Co. Ltd. ("Tibet Huayu") and 30% by EAM. Under the existing project arrangements, Tibet Huayu is responsible for funding 100% of the development costs for Mato Bula and Da Tambuk. The Mato Bula and Da Tambuk mine development periods have been extended to February 1, 2028.

### **MAGAMBAZI PROJECT – TANZANIA**

East Africa has projects in the Handeni District, within Tanga Region in eastern Tanzania., The Project is located 173 kilometres northwest of Dar es Salaam and 35 kilometres south of the town of Handeni. The Handeni properties consist of two mining licenses covering 9.9 square kilometres ("Magambazi") and contiguous Prospecting Licenses totalling approximately 83.5 square kilometres, collectively known as the Handeni Gold Mine. One mining license is held by Denwill Mining Services Ltd. ("Denwill"), an entity controlled by East Africa, and CTL has an option agreement to acquire a 100% interest in Denwill upon payment of US\$40,000. Denwill acquired the Magambazi PMLs by the payment of US\$1,800,000, which the PMLs were later converted to a mining license and granted the vendors a 2.0% NSR royalty. As at the date of this MD&A, the option has not yet been exercised. The Company had signed an agreement with a Tanzanian private company, PMM Mining Company Limited to develop the Magambazi Mine in Tanzania. Following recent developments PMM has been removed as a developer due to their non-compliance with license conditions and regulatory directives as well as the terms of the SPA and GPA. The Company is now mandated to appoint a third party developer. On August 14, 2025, the Company entered into a binding Memorandum of Understanding with Ubora Minerals Company Limited to develop the Magambazi Project by acquiring 100% of the shares of CTL (refer to Outlook Section of the MDA, page 3).

## **FINANCIAL POSITION**

### **Total assets**

Total assets have decreased to \$6,157,032 at June 30, 2026 from \$6,382,086 at March 31, 2026. Cash balance in CTL at June 30, 2026 of \$584 (March 31, 2026 –\$645) is included in total of assets held for sale of \$4,714,312 (March 31, 2026 - \$4,604,347).

Notwithstanding periodic or one-time transactions and subject to changes in foreign currency exchange, total assets will generally remain constant from one period to the next; such as, mineral property interests. All direct costs associated with exploration of these properties are expensed as incurred.

### **Total liabilities**

At June 30, 2026, the Company's total liabilities are predominantly comprised of trade payables, accruals, related party payables and deposit on sale of Canaco Tanzania Limited. Total liabilities increased to \$4,615,789 at June 30, 2026 from \$4,495,505 at March 31, 2026.

### **Total equity**

Equity attributable to shareholders at June 30, 2026, is \$3,461,595 compared to \$3,888,522 at March 31, 2026 representing a decrease of \$426,927. The decrease is primarily due to the loss for the period of \$662,878 offset by the currency translation gain recorded of \$235,951.

**RESULTS OF OPERATIONS*****Three month period ended June 30, 2026, compared with three month period ended June 30, 2025****(Information extracted from the Company's unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements)**(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)*

|                                                                           | <b>Three month period ended June 30,</b> |                     |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------|---------------------|
|                                                                           | <b>2026</b>                              | <b>2025</b>         |
| <b>Expenses</b>                                                           |                                          |                     |
| Directors fees                                                            | \$ 16,625                                | \$ 15,688           |
| Exploration and evaluation                                                | 237,773                                  | 351,146             |
| Investor/shareholder communications and filing fees                       | 31,818                                   | 91,977              |
| Legal, audit and audit related fees                                       | 17,650                                   | 10,374              |
| Management and consulting fees and reimbursements                         | 113,680                                  | 154,712             |
| Office and administration                                                 | 107,738                                  | 94,398              |
| Rent and occupancy costs                                                  | 307                                      | 306                 |
| Expenses before other items                                               | (525,591)                                | (718,601)           |
| Other items                                                               |                                          |                     |
| Foreign exchange gain (loss)                                              | (201,812)                                | (75,700)            |
| Interest expense                                                          | -                                        | (21,853)            |
| Share of loss of Tigray Resources Incorporated PLC                        | -                                        | (46,685)            |
| <b>Net loss for period</b>                                                | <b>\$ (727,403)</b>                      | <b>\$ (862,839)</b> |
| <br>Net loss attributable to:                                             |                                          |                     |
| Shareholders                                                              | \$ (662,878)                             | \$ (858,000)        |
| Non-controlling interest                                                  | (64,525)                                 | (4,839)             |
|                                                                           | <b>\$ (727,403)</b>                      | <b>\$ (862,839)</b> |
| <br><b>Loss per share, basic and fully diluted</b>                        | <b>\$ (0.00)</b>                         | <b>\$ (0.00)</b>    |
| <b>Weighted average number of common shares - basic and fully diluted</b> | <b>258,245,898</b>                       | <b>225,944,998</b>  |

**NET LOSS**

The net loss for the three month period ended June 30, 2026, amounted to \$727,403 compared to a net loss for the three month period ended June 30, 2025 of \$862,839. Included in the current period results are a foreign exchange loss of \$201,812.

At the end of each reporting period, the Company applies judgment in assessing whether there are any indicators of impairment relating to its mineral property applying the criteria set out in IFRS 6 - Exploration for and Evaluation of Mineral Resources. Civil unrest in Northern Ethiopia and Force Majeure Declarations have prevented the Company from proceeding to the development stage on the mineral property. As a result of the classification of the property as an exploration and evaluation asset, under IFRS 6, without further planned exploration activities the Company was required to impair the property as at March 31, 2026. The Company recorded an impairment loss of \$17,954,840 (US\$12,991,390) on the Harvest Property in the consolidated statement of loss for the year ended March 31, 2026. The carrying value of the mineral property at June 30, 2026 is \$71,050 (US\$50,000) (2026 - \$69,695 (US\$50,000)). The impairment reflects the uncertainty at the reporting date arising from the civil unrest and inability to access the site, rather than determination that the underlying mineral resource is not economically viable. If, as and when the events and circumstances that triggered the impairment change, the impairment may be reversed. The nominal value assigned to the mineral property for accounting purposes is not reflective of fair value.

The property continues to be classified as an exploration and evaluation asset, and the Company is positioned to complete the final technical feasibility work required to transition the property to a mine under development once site access is restored. The Company intends to maintain the mining license in good standing and will continue to consider third party offers to complete construction of the mine and operate thereafter. Force Majeure Declarations remain in effect and suspend the Company's obligations under the terms of its mining license.

## OPERATING EXPENSES

For the three month period ended June 30, 2026, total operating expenses were \$525,591 compared to \$718,601 recorded during the three month period ended June 30, 2025, representing a decrease of \$193,010.

Significant factors that contributed to the variances are discussed below:

Exploration and evaluation expenditures

A summary of East Africa's exploration and evaluation expenditures for the three month period ended June 30, 2026 and June 30, 2025 are as follows:

|                                                | <b>Magambazi<br/>Project</b> | <b>Harvest<br/>Property</b> | <b>Total</b> |
|------------------------------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------|
| <b>Exploration and evaluation expenditures</b> |                              |                             |              |
| Amortization                                   | \$ 317                       | \$ 53                       | \$ 370       |
| Camp and administration                        | 186,523                      | 48,591                      | 235,114      |
| Provision for taxes                            | -                            | 2,289                       | 2,289        |
| Three month period ended June 30, 2026         | \$ 186,840                   | \$ 50,933                   | \$ 237,773   |

Exploration and evaluation expenditures were \$237,773 for the three month period ended June 30, 2026 and the significant expenditure in the current financial period related to:

- Ongoing costs related to the operation of CTL and Harvest of \$235,114. A summary of East Africa's exploration and evaluation expenditures for the three month period ended June 30, 2025 are as follows:

|                                                | <b>Magambazi<br/>Project</b> | <b>Harvest<br/>Property</b> | <b>Total</b> |
|------------------------------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------|
| <b>Exploration and evaluation expenditures</b> |                              |                             |              |
| Amortization                                   | \$ -                         | \$ 175                      | \$ 175       |
| Camp and administration                        | 207,671                      | 32,601                      | 240,272      |
| Provision for taxes                            | -                            | 194                         | 194          |
| Travel and incidentals                         | 110,505                      | -                           | 110,505      |
| Three month period ended June 30, 2025         | \$ 318,176                   | \$ 32,970                   | \$ 351,146   |

Exploration and evaluation expenditures were \$351,146 for the three month period ended June 30, 2025 and the significant expenditure in the current financial period related to:

- Ongoing costs related to the operation of CTL and Harvest of \$350,777.

Management and consulting fees

Management and consulting fees decreased to \$113,680 in the current period from \$154,712 for the three month period ended June 30, 2025. In both periods included in this account are fees for the services provided by the CEO, CFO and corporate secretary plus expenses for each of the respective parties.

Office and administration

For the three month period ended June 30, 2026, the Company recorded office and administration expenses of \$107,738 compared to \$94,398 for the three month period ended June 30, 2025, an increase of \$13,340. Office and administration expenses include corporate overhead costs and other general corporate expenditures incurred in the normal course of business.

## CAPITAL EXPENDITURES

During the three month period ended June 30, 2026, the Company purchased a computer totalling \$4,527.

**SUMMARY OF QUARTERLY RESULTS**

The following table details the Company's quarterly results:

| Quarter Ended | Net revenues | Net income (loss) attributable to shareholders | Net income (loss) attributable to non-controlling interest | Net income (loss) | Income (loss) per share - basic | Income (loss) per share - diluted |
|---------------|--------------|------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
|               | \$'s         | \$'s                                           | \$'s                                                       | \$'s              | \$'s                            | \$'s                              |
| 30-Jun-26     | -            | (662,878)                                      | (64,525)                                                   | (727,403)         | (0.00)                          | (0.00)                            |
| 31-Mar-26     | -            | (662,877)                                      | (64,525)                                                   | (727,402)         | (0.00)                          | (0.00)                            |
| 31-Dec-25     | -            | (322,095)                                      | (10,358)                                                   | (332,453)         | (0.01)                          | (0.01)                            |
| 30-Sep-25     | -            | (180,585)                                      | (10,023)                                                   | (190,608)         | (0.00)                          | (0.00)                            |
| 30-Jun-25     | -            | (858,000)                                      | (4,839)                                                    | (862,839)         | (0.00)                          | (0.00)                            |
| 31-Mar-25     | -            | (613,675)                                      | (10,083)                                                   | (623,758)         | (0.01)                          | (0.01)                            |
| 31-Dec-24     | -            | (644,532)                                      | (12,425)                                                   | (656,957)         | (0.00)                          | (0.00)                            |
| 30-Sep-24     | -            | (369,724)                                      | (6,044)                                                    | (375,768)         | (0.00)                          | (0.00)                            |

There are no meaningful trends evident from analysis of the summary of quarterly financial information over the last eight quarters.

Factors that can cause significant fluctuations in the Company's quarterly results are set out in the table below.

| Quarter Ended | Exploration and evaluation expenses | Impairment of mineral property | Share-based compensation | Share of loss of Tigray Resources Incorporated PLC |
|---------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------------------------------|
|               | \$'s                                | \$'s                           | \$'s                     | \$'s                                               |
| 30-Jun-26     | (237,773)                           | -                              | -                        | -                                                  |
| 31-Mar-26     | (88,197)                            | (17,954,840)                   | (1,397,026)              | -                                                  |
| 31-Dec-25     | (95,403)                            | -                              | -                        | (16,901)                                           |
| 30-Sep-25     | (105,336)                           | -                              | -                        | (71,710)                                           |
| 30-Jun-25     | (351,146)                           | -                              | -                        | (46,685)                                           |
| 31-Mar-25     | (238,798)                           | -                              | -                        | (43,828)                                           |
| 31-Dec-24     | (235,201)                           | -                              | -                        | (92,204)                                           |
| 30-Sep-24     | (103,846)                           | -                              | -                        | (19,411)                                           |

**LIQUIDITY AND GOING CONCERN**

As at June 30, 2026, the Company had cash of \$1,239,398 other current assets of \$4,838,629 and current liabilities of \$4,615,789 compared to cash of \$1,587,633, other current assets of \$4,721,022 and current liabilities of \$4,495,505 as at March 31, 2026. The Company's assets in Tanzania are reflected in the financial statements as held for sale ((June 30, 2026 - \$4,714,312) (March 31, 2026 - \$4,604,347)).

As of June 30, 2026, East Africa had working capital of \$1,462,238 (March 31, 2026 – working capital of \$1,813,150). The Company determined that available funds are not sufficient to meet requirements for the coming twelve months based on current planned expenditures for operations, exploration and development of its mineral property interests.

The Company's approximate sustaining monthly head office administration expenses are \$114,000. This cost estimate assumes an active investor relations / shareholder information program but excludes non-cash costs. Currently, the site and camp expenses (operating subsidiaries) are approximately \$20,000 monthly to maintain the normal operations in Ethiopia. The site and camp monthly administration expenses include Ethiopian costs for head office technical services,

Ethiopian administrative staff and costs of operating the Ethiopian offices and warehouses. Tanzanian expenses primarily relate to fees being incurred to resolve the ongoing issues relating to government arranged agreements with PMM Mining Company Limited, refer to Outlook Section of the MDA, pages 3 - 4. As at June 30, 2026, East Africa had received US\$1,900,000 (CAD\$2,431,291) and US\$100,000 of the sale proceeds were withheld by PMM and remitted to the Tanzanian Revenue Authority. The sale proceeds received are recorded in the consolidated financial statements as a deposit on sale of CTL. PMM has been removed as the third party developer. East Africa is now mandated and required to appoint a third-party developer to manage and operate the Magambazi Project pursuant to the terms of an agreement setting out the definitive terms for the arrangement. The liability on the deposit on sale will be derecognized and recognized in profit or loss if, as and when East Africa is assured PMM has no legal recourse to demand repayment.

As of June 30, 2026, the Company had cash of \$1,239,398 and accounts payable and accrued liabilities of \$847,880. The Company estimates that it does not have available funds to meet requirements for the coming twelve months based on current estimated expenditures for operations and development of its mineral properties. These uncertainties cast significant doubt on the ability of the Company to continue as a going concern. As at June 30, 2026, the financial statements were prepared on a going concern basis which contemplates the realization of assets and the settlement of liabilities in the normal course of operations.

The ability of the Company to carry out its planned business objectives is dependent on its ability to raise adequate capital funds including and not limited to the sale of non-strategic assets, strategic alliances, debt financing, equity financing and optioning its mineral properties. If adequate financing is not available, the Company may be required to delay, reduce the scope of, or eliminate one or more exploration and/or development activities or relinquish rights to certain of its interests. There is no assurance that East Africa will be able to obtain financing in the future or that such financing will be on terms acceptable to East Africa.

## **CAPITAL RESOURCES**

The Company has historically met its exploration and corporate capital requirements predominantly through the completion of equity placements and may be impacted by continued poor North American market conditions for exploration and development resource companies with operations in emerging countries. Trends affecting the Company's liquidity may be dictated by the demands on financial resources created by the advancing nature of East Africa's mineral property assets, the pursuit of a growth strategy that targets property acquisitions, the exploration commitments and the Company's ability to access the financial resources required to meet these demands. As the projects advance through exploration, they typically require more capital-intensive programs that apply pressure to the Company's financial resources. The Company does not have any commitments as at June 30, 2026. East Africa's sustaining costs to maintain its head office and operating subsidiaries is approximately \$139,000 per month. Based on the aforementioned items, the Company has determined it does not have sufficient funds to meet its cash flow requirements for the next 12 months without further funding.

Any additional planned work programs and any future development programs will result in a further decrease to the Company's current liquidity. In obtaining the required capital to pursue East Africa's business plan, capital may be generated from, debt financing, strategic alliances, accessing equity markets, procuring industry partners for its primary exploration assets or sale of exploration assets for equity positions or cash or some combination thereof. In the event that additional funding is required, there can be no assurances that such funds will be available and/or on terms acceptable by the Company.

Trends that affect the market generally, and the perception of East Africa within the marketplace, can affect the Company's ability to access capital in both a positive and negative way. Trends in this general market are defined by fluctuations in the global economy and the demand for metals and commodity prices. Trends in the perception of the Company in the resource marketplace may be affected by general trends in the resource equity markets which may in turn impact East Africa's performance in creating shareholder value and in demonstrating the ability to manage East Africa's affairs and achieve mandated objectives. Uncertainty is a prevalent element in exploration and development of mineral property assets, therefore it can, on occasion, impede the Company's ability to meet its financial requirements and result in an inability to advance exploration assets and meet objectives in a timely manner.

Mineral exploration and development involves a high degree of risk and few properties that are explored are ultimately developed into producing mines. There is no assurance that the Company's mineral exploration activities will result in discoveries of new resources or commercial mineral deposits. There is also no assurance that if a commercial mineral deposit is discovered that the deposit would be economical for commercial production. Discovery of mineral deposits is

dependent upon a number of factors and significantly influenced by the technical skill of the exploration personnel involved. The commercial viability of a mineral deposit is also dependent upon a number of factors, which are beyond East Africa's control. Some of these factors are the attributes of the deposit, market conditions, environmental protection, foreign taxation, and government policies and regulation.

## TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

In the normal course of business, the Company transacted with individuals and companies considered to be related parties. For the three months ended June 30, 2026, the Company recorded the following significant related party transactions:

For the three months ended June 30, 2026, the Company recorded fees to directors and senior key management for directors' fees, management and consulting fees and reimbursements. Details are set out below:

|                       | Three month<br>period ended<br>June 30, 2026 | Three month<br>period ended<br>June 30, 2025 |
|-----------------------|----------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|
| <b>Directors fees</b> |                                              |                                              |
| Andrew Lee Smith      | \$ 2,125                                     | \$ 2,125                                     |
| Anthony Harwood       | 2,500                                        | 2,500                                        |
| Dr. Jingbin Wang      | 4,250                                        | 4,250                                        |
| David Parsons         | 4,000                                        | 4,000                                        |
| Sean Waller           | -                                            | 667                                          |
| Zhen Liao             | 1,875                                        | 1,875                                        |
| Asa Chen              | 1,875                                        | 271                                          |
|                       | <b>\$ 16,625</b>                             | <b>\$ 15,688</b>                             |

|                                                          | Three month<br>period ended<br>June 30, 2026 | Three month<br>period ended<br>June 30, 2025 |
|----------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|
| <b>Management and consulting fees and reimbursements</b> |                                              |                                              |
| Andrew Lee Smith, CEO                                    | \$ 60,000                                    | \$ 84,432                                    |
| Jacqueline Tucker, CFO                                   | 30,000                                       | 30,000                                       |
| Sherry Siu, Corporate Secretary                          | 23,680                                       | 25,280                                       |
|                                                          | <b>\$ 113,680</b>                            | <b>\$ 139,712</b>                            |

At June 30, 2026, the Company owed \$417,722 (March 31, 2026 - \$417,722) to key management personnel.

## PROPOSED TRANSACTIONS

As of August 27, 2026, the Company has no proposed material transactions.

## CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of expenses during the reporting period. Actual outcomes could differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimates are revised and in future periods affected.

The areas involving a higher degree of judgment or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant are disclosed in note 4 in the Company's audited annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2026.

**ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

The Company has applied IFRS, as disclosed in note 3 to the annual financial statements, which are applied on a consistent basis.

**INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND DISCLOSURE CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES**

Currently, the certification required by the Company's certifying officers under National Instrument 52-109 Certificate of Disclosure in Issuers' Annual and Interim Filings ("NI 52-109"), the Venture Issuer Basic Certificate, does not include representations relating to the establishment and maintenance of disclosure controls and procedures ("DC&P") and internal control over financial reporting ("ICFR"), as defined in NI 52-109. In particular, the certifying officers are not making any representations relating to the establishment and maintenance of:

(i) controls and other procedures designed to provide reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed by the issuer in its annual filings, interim filings or other reports filed or submitted under securities legislation is recorded, processed, summarised and reported within the time periods specified in securities legislation; and

(ii) a process to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with the issuer's Generally Accepted Accounting Principles ("GAAP").

The Company's certifying officers are responsible for ensuring that processes are in place to provide them with sufficient knowledge to support the representations they make in the certificate.

Investors should be aware that inherent limitations on the ability of certifying officers of a venture issuer to design and implement on a cost effective basis DC&P and ICFR as defined in NI 52-109 may result in additional risks to the quality, reliability, transparency and timeliness of interim and annual filings and other reports provided under securities legislation.

**ADDITIONAL DISCLOSURE FOR VENTURE ISSUERS WITHOUT SIGNIFICANT REVENUE**

Refer to elsewhere in the MD&A or the Company's financial statements for capitalized or expensed exploration and development costs, general and administrative expenses and other material costs. Additional information relating to the Company is on SEDAR [www.sedarplus.ca](http://www.sedarplus.ca)

**OUTSTANDING SHARE DATA**

As at June 30, 2026, and at the date of this report the Company had 268,973,569, common shares issued and outstanding.

As at June 30, 2026 and at the date of this report, the Company had 11,476,700, warrants outstanding.

As at June 30, 2026, and at the date of this report the Company had 30,850,000 stock options outstanding and exercisable.

**RISK FACTORS**

Below are the known risk factors for this MD&A. You can review and obtain copies of the Company's filings from SEDAR at [www.sedarplus.ca](http://www.sedarplus.ca) or from East Africa's website [www.eastafricametals.com](http://www.eastafricametals.com).

***Financial (liquidity) Risk***

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its obligations associated with the financial liabilities. Historically East Africa predominately relies on equity financings to fund its activities. While it has been successful in raising funds in the past, there is no guarantee that adequate funds will be available in the future. The Company had cash and cash equivalents of \$1,239,398 and working capital of \$1,462,238 as at June 30, 2026. The Company estimates that it does not have available funds to meet requirements for the coming twelve months based on current planned expenditures for operations, exploration and development of its mineral property interests. See the "Liquidity" section of this MD&A for further discussion on the Company's ability to operate as a going concern.

***Credit risk***

Credit risk is the risk of loss associated with counterparty's inability to fulfill its payment obligations. The Company's credit risk is primarily attributable to cash and cash equivalents and receivables. Cash and cash equivalents may consist of Guaranteed Investment Certificates and short-term deposits issued by major Canadian banks. Receivables mainly

consist of non financial instruments and accounts receivables. The carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents, tax receivables and other accounts receivable represents the Company's maximum exposure to credit risk.

As at June 30, 2026, \$334,794 was due to the Company's foreign subsidiaries in Tanzania and Ethiopia from the foreign governments for Value Added Tax ("VAT"). East Africa is due refunds of certain taxes based on consumption, of which the timing of realization is uncertain. If these recoverable taxes are not collected, it could reduce the carrying value of these assets. Management has judged to raise a provision for 100% of the taxes recoverable given limited methods available to recover these taxes and the length of time it takes to recover these taxes. The Company continues to pursue approval of VAT refund claims from the various foreign governments.

### ***Exploration and Commercial Viability Risk***

The Company has no production of minerals and some of its properties are currently at the exploration stage. The exploration and development of mineral deposits involves significant risks which even with careful evaluation, experience and knowledge may not, in some cases, be fully mitigated. The commercial viability of any mineral deposit depends on many factors, not all of which are within the control of management. These factors include, but are not limited to, Government approval for EAM Mineral Resources targets applications; the ability to extend current EAM Mineral Resources targets within the available legislation; the size, grade and proximity to infrastructure of the deposit; Government regulations; taxes; royalties; land tenure; land use; environmental protection and reclamation and closure obligations. All or some of these factors may have an impact on the economic viability of a mineral deposit. These unique environments could limit or reduce production possibilities or if conditions are permissive for potential natural disasters, such as severe weather, could negatively impact facilities, equipment and the safety of its workers dramatically. One or more of these risk elements could have an impact on costs of the operations and if significant enough, reduce the profitability of future production and threaten the continuation of a particular project or operations altogether.

### ***Licensing Matters***

The Company's operations are subject to receiving and maintaining permits and licenses from appropriate governmental authorities. Title insurance is generally not available for permits and licenses and the Company's ability to ensure that it has obtained a secure claim to individual mineral properties or mining concessions may be severely constrained. East Africa's mineral properties may be subject to prior unregistered agreements, transfers or claims, and title may be affected by, among other things, undetected defects. The Company has not conducted surveys of all of the mineral rights in which it holds direct or indirect interest.

Although, the Company currently has the required mining licenses for its Terakimti HL, Da Tambuk and Mato Bula Projects, there is no assurance that delays will not occur in connection with obtaining all necessary renewals for future existing applications or additional permits or licenses for all future operations. There can be no assurance that East Africa will continue to hold all permits and licenses necessary to develop or continue operating at any particular property, or that any such licenses or permits awarded will not be cancelled pursuant to applicable current or future legislation. The rights of East Africa's in the Terakimti HL, Mato Bula and Da Tambuk Projects are held through the mining agreements and mining licenses that sets out a tax regime and development and production framework. There can be no assurance that the Company will continue to be in compliance with all terms and conditions of the mining agreements and mining licenses or assurance that any dispute resolution process will decide in the Company's favour.

The Tanzanian Assets were held with two (2) mining licenses for the Magambazi Project and associated PLs for the exploration assets. Refer to the Outlook Section of the MDA, page 4 regarding the current status of the mining licenses.

### ***Foreign Countries and Political Policy Risk***

The Company has interests in exploration properties that are located in the developing countries of Ethiopia and Tanzania. The Company's mineral exploration may be affected in varying degrees by political instability and government regulations relating to foreign investment and the mining industry. Exploration and development activity was suspended in Ethiopia due to conflict in the Tigray region. Force Majeure Notices were filed and exploration and development will commence when conditions are declared safe to deploy equipment and personnel into the field, East Africa is not able to commence the exploration and development programs on these projects. Changes, if any, in mining or investment policies or shifts in political attitude in Tanzania and/or Ethiopia may adversely affect East Africa's operations. Operations may be affected in varying degrees by government regulations with respect to, but not limited to, restrictions on production, price controls, export controls, currency remittance, direct and indirect taxes, tax assessments, royalties, expropriation of property, foreign investment, maintenance of claims, environmental legislation, land use, land claims of local people, water use and mine safety. Failure to comply with applicable laws, regulations, and permitting requirements may result in enforcement actions there under, including orders issued by regulatory or judicial authorities causing operations to cease or be curtailed, and may include corrective measures requiring capital expenditures, installation of additional equipment, or remedial actions.

***Conflict of Interest***

East Africa's directors and officers may serve as directors and/or officers, or may be associated with, other reporting companies, or may have significant shareholdings in other companies. To the extent that such other companies may participate in financing, business or asset acquisitions, dispositions or ventures in which the Company may participate, the directors and officers of East Africa may have a conflict of interest in negotiating and concluding terms reflecting the transaction. Consequently, there exists the possibility that such directors will be in a position of conflict of interest. Any decision made by such directors involving the Company are made in accordance with their duties and obligations to deal fairly and in good faith with the Company and such other companies. In addition, such directors will declare, and refrain from voting on, any matter in which such directors may have a material conflict of interest.

***Key Management individuals***

The Company's success depends, to a certain degree, upon key members of the management. These individuals are a significant factor in the Company's growth and success and East Africa does not have key man insurance in place in respect of any of its directors, management or employees. The loss of the service of members of the management and certain key employees could have a material adverse effect on the Company.

***Information Technology Threats***

Information systems and other technologies, including those related to the Company's financial and operational management, are an integral part of the Company's business activities. Network and information systems-related events, such as computer hackings, cyber-attacks, computer viruses, worms or other destructive or disruptive software, process breakdowns, denial of service attacks, power outages, natural disasters, terrorist attacks or any combination of the foregoing, could result in damage to the Company's property, equipment and data. These events also could result in significant expenditures to repair or replace the damaged property or information systems and/or to protect them from similar events in the future. Further, any security breaches, such as misappropriation, misuse, leakage, falsification or accidental release or loss of information maintained in the Company's information technology systems, including personnel and other data, could damage its reputation and require the Company to expend significant capital and other resources to remedy any such security breach. The Company does not have insurance coverage against losses resulting from any such events or security breaches and the occurrence of any such events or security breaches could have a material adverse effect on the business of the Company.